Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act & Youthful Offender Block Grant (JJCPA-YOBG)



Consolidated Annual Plan FY 2023-2024

Prepared By: Merced County Probation Department

Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act & Youthful Offender Block Grant (JJCPA-YOBG)

FY 2023 – 2024 Consolidated Annual Plan

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Consolidated Annual Plan 1 | P a g e

Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act & Youthful Offender Block Grant

Government Code Section §§ 30061 and Welfare and Institutions Code Section §§ 1961, as amended by AB 1998 (Ch. 880, Statutes of 2016), combined and establish the planning and reporting requirements under the Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act (JJCPA) and the Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG) programs. The JJCPA program provides state funding for counties to implement programs that have proven effective in reducing crime and delinquency among at-risk youth and youthful offenders. The YOBG program provides state funding for counties to deliver custody and care (i.e., appropriate rehabilitative and supervisory services) to youthful offenders who previously would have been committed to the California Department of Corrections & Rehabilitation, Division of Juvenile Justice.

An annual JJCPA and YOBG combined plan is developed that describes all programs, placements, strategies, services, and system enhancements that will be supported with JJCPA and/or YOBG funds in the upcoming fiscal year. An annual year-end expenditure and data report for JJCPA and YOBG is developed that describes programs, placements, services, and system enhancements funded through either program during the preceding fiscal year, including identification of any programs that were cofunded by JJCPA and YOBG. Additionally, this report includes countywide figures for specified juvenile justice data elements available in existing statewide juvenile justice data systems and consists of a summary or analysis of how its grant-funded programs have or may have contributed to or influenced the countywide data reported.

Government Code Section §§ 30061(b)(4) specifies that the county's Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council (JJCC) shall review and update the JJCPA component of the plan annually. The JJCC is the entity that develops these JJCPA components. The YOBG component of the plan is not required to be developed by the JJCC.

Consolidated Annual Plan 2 | Page

Juvenile Justice Plan

Part I. Countywide Service Needs, Priorities, and Strategy

- A. Assessment of Existing Services
- B. Identifying and Prioritizing Focus Areas
- C. Juvenile Justice Action Strategy
- D. Comprehensive Plan Revisions

Part II. Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act (JJCPA)

- A. Information Sharing and Data Collection
- B. Juvenile Justice Coordinating Councils
- C. Funded Programs, Strategies, and/or System Enhancements

Part III. Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG)

- A. Strategy for Non-707(b) Offenders
- B. Regional Agreements
- C. Funded Programs, Placements, Services, Strategies, and/or System Enhancements

Consolidated Annual Plan 3 | Page

Part I. Service Needs, Priorities & Strategy – (Government Code Section 30061(b)(4)(A))

A. Assessment of Existing Services

Include here an assessment of existing law enforcement, probation, education, mental health, health, social services, drug and alcohol, and youth services resources that specifically target at-risk juveniles, juvenile offenders, and their families.

The Probation Department continues to offer a broad array of youth services that target the needs of youth and their families. The Probation Department strongly emphasizes the principles of risk-need-responsivity in response to juvenile crime and delinquency. From the first entry point into the juvenile justice system, efforts to divert youth from the system and preserve the family are a priority. Targeted strategies emphasize prevention and early intervention, child and family focus and teaming, a cross-systems approach to programs and service delivery, collaboration, and trauma-informed care.

The Probation Department Juvenile Justice Plan continues to confront the problems of youth from a systems perspective. This perspective suggests that the problems of youth crime are related directly to issues involving the families, community, private and governmental agencies, as well as law enforcement, the courts, and the correctional systems. Partnerships with the Juvenile Delinquency Court and various county agencies include the Human Services Agency Children and Family Services Branch, Public Health, Behavioral Health and Recovery Services, including Alcohol and Drug Programs, and the Office of Education, Merced Union High School District, as well as with many community-based organizations explore the implementation of effective intervention services for youth and families at risk of contact with the juvenile justice system or are already justice-involved. Additionally, the Probation Department works closely with local law enforcement agencies to share information and coordinate diversion efforts.

The Probation Department Juvenile Justice Plan has ongoing efforts in collaboration and coordination through local initiatives. These activities are summarized below and in a tradition of collaboration and multi-agency initiatives in addressing the complexities of youth crime and at-risk populations:

• The Do Whatever It Takes at Home (DoWITH) Program, offered by ASPIRAnet, is a collaboration between the Human Services Agency (HSA), Behavioral Health and Recovery Services, the Merced County Probation Department, and the Merced County Office of Education. DoWITH offers a unique blend of "wraparound" services designated to be flexible and will consider, blend and incorporate the family's voice in the decision-making process. The strengths of the family are utilized as the foundation of the planning process. The parent of the youth is given a parent partner to assist the parent with the struggles of parenting troubled teens. Parent Partners are parents (mothers and fathers) who have first-hand experience with the Child Welfare System,

Consolidated Annual Plan 4 | Page

and who have exhibited exceptional qualities in their efforts to develop viable permanency plans for their children, an understanding of how the Child Welfare system works, an appreciation of what it takes to be successful, and personal qualities that lend themselves to collaboration on various levels. The (DoWITH) Program offers twenty-four-hour on-call assistance with crisis intervention. Youth can be and are best served by their families, schools, and communities. DoWITH utilizes the least restrictive, most beneficial setting for youth and their families while utilizing a culturally responsive, family-focused, strength-based, and evidence-based approach.

- The Wraparound Empowerment Compassion and Needs (WeCAN) Program has provided individualized, multisystemic strength-based interventions to ameliorate mental health conditions that interfere with a youth's functioning. The WeCAN Program is operated by Aspiranet and Merced County's other Full-Service Partnership (FSP), which serves children and youth ages 0 to 18 of all races and ethnicities with special efforts to reach those with increased risk factors. WeCAN delivers specialty mental health services to severely emotionally disturbed youths, according to an individualized treatment plan designed with the child and the family. WeCAN meets families in their homes on their time and collaborates with families' natural support systems. WeCAN provides community services and supports 24 hours a day, seven (7) days a week, to youths with an emphasis on those with serious emotional behavior issues living successfully in the least restrictive normative environment. The program's goals are: to reduce out-of-home placements and to provide strength-based, family-driven services that promote wellness, recovery, and community integration.
- The Bear Creek Academy Long Term Program (BCA/LTP) and Bear Creek Academy Youth Treatment Program (BCA/YTP) consists of youth who have been allowed by the Juvenile Delinquency Court to enter a coordinated system of care to break old patterns that have resulted in negative and destructive behavior. Both programs offer a system of educational and evidenced-based program elements that teach the youth new patterns for dealing with a stimulus that previously resulted in antisocial and delinquent behavior. The program(s) teach positive social skills, correct thinking, moral and ethical values, and strategies for successful community intervention. The programs are point-based, and youth receive points for pro-social behavior(s) and for attending school/structured programming. The maximum number of points each youth can earn per day is 50.
- Youth committed to the Bear Creek Academy (BCA) Short-Term Program are allowed by the Juvenile Delinquency Court to enter a coordinated system of care to break destructive behavior patterns. Youth committed to this program are taught positive social skills, corrective thinking, ethical values, and strategies for successful community interaction. This Program is point-based, and youth receive points for pro-social behavior(s) and attending school/programming. The maximum number of points each youth can earn per day is 50. A level two commitment is 1500 points, and a level three commitment is 3000 points.

Consolidated Annual Plan 5 | Page

- The L.I.N.K (Learn. Inform. Network. Know.) program allows youth to LEARN life skills, get INFORMed about available resources within the community, NETWORK with positive mentors, which gives them the KNOWledge they need to be successful in the future. The Probation Department refers based on a risk assessment score of moderate to high risk. The program is incentive-based and held virtually. Participants receive independent living skills, employment assistance, anger management classes, substance abuse education, Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT), and more. A Deputy Probation Officer is the facilitator providing direct oversight; other treatment providers offer the abovementioned services.
- Parents of youth ordered to Out-of-Home Placement attend the Parents Supporting
 Parents (PSP) support group. The Probation Department facilitates the PSP program.
 The program is designed to help parents develop and strengthen their parenting skills to
 promote the development of their parental support system, network with each other
 and utilize each other for support during difficult times, and learn about resources
 available in the community. Also, parents are taught effective communication skills,
 how to set clear limitations on their child's behavior, and how to manage family conflicts
 without the intervention of law enforcement.
- The Re-Direct Program provides information to children and parents regarding community resources available to families to prevent deeper involvement in the Probation/Court system. The purpose of the Redirect Program is to empower parents to become more effective in their parenting by clarifying their rights and responsibilities and their children's rights and responsibilities. The target population for this group is youth 12 to 18 years of age who have parents/guardians/or a caring adult who is engaged in the life of the youth. This program is a collaborative effort amongst community justice partners including but not limited to: Merced County Probation Department, Field Services and Custody Divisions, Merced County Behavioral Health and Recovery Services, Merced County Public Defender's Office, Merced County District Attorney's Office, various Law Enforcement Agencies, Merced County Public Health, Merced County Child Welfare and Merced County Office of Education.
- Supportive Ongoing Services (S.O.S) is a multidisciplinary team that meets weekly to assist families in problem-solving and securing agency resources. The multidisciplinary team consists of Merced County Behavioral Health and Recovery Services, Merced County Public Health, Merced County Probation Department, Merced County & City School Districts, Merced County Child Welfare, Parent Partners, and Central Valley Regional Center. The ultimate goal for S.O.S. is to keep families together by building on family strengths and providing coordinated resources. All agencies and families have access to S.O.S. Referrals to S.O.S. are routed to a single source, and families are scheduled to attend a meeting with resource providers who are typically already

Consolidated Annual Plan 6 | Page

- connected to the family. Information exchanged is developed into a plan for the youth, and a follow-up meeting is scheduled to ensure the plan's success.
- The Merced County Youth Accountability Board (YAB) is a volunteer organization initially formed by citizens concerned with the problems of escalating juvenile delinquency and the disintegration of the family. YAB provides services to first-time offenders who would otherwise be under-served due to the lack of city and county resources. The volunteers strive to strengthen the community by supporting parents to raise their children to be law-abiding citizens. The family meets with a Social Investigator to review the offense's circumstances and create a contract. Once all contract conditions are met, the youth's record with the Probation Department is purged.
- The Learning for Life Program addresses taking ownership and responsibility for actions, learning from mistakes, having an open discussion regarding anger and conflict management with the ultimate goal of accepting the consequences.
- The Teen Outreach Program, as facilitated by the Merced County Sheriff's Office, continues to provide informational sessions designed to provide troubled teens and their families with county resources and other assistance programs. The presentation provides an overview of parent involvement and awareness, drug & alcohol abuse, violent crimes, gang violence in Merced, gang structure & recruitment, community resources, and additional information on teen help programs.
- The 3rd Millennium Classroom for the intervention of first-time offenders. 3rd Millennium Classrooms offers courses for marijuana and other drug use, intimate partner violence and sexual consent, nicotine awareness, and theft and impulse control. All programs use a motivational interviewing style and provide personalized feedback reports. The program(s) aims to engage the youth in a powerful learning experience that impacts behavior. Probation primarily used their Marijuana 101 program. Marijuana 101 is a marijuana education and intervention course used as a sanction for marijuana violations or possession of drug paraphernalia, as well as an educational component for DWI violations. Youths are presented with compelling information about the dangers of marijuana use in a reasonable and balanced manner.
- The Juvenile Behavioral Health Court Program is a court-supervised, comprehensive, four-phase treatment program provided in collaboration with the Judge of the Superior Court-Juvenile Division, Merced County Probation, Merced County Behavioral Health and Recovery Services (BHRS), Merced County District Attorney, Merced County Public Defender, and Merced County Office of Education. The program is designed for youth diagnosed primarily with an Axis I mental illness or for those with a dual diagnosis. BHRS has trained a Dual Diagnosis specialist to join the treatment team. BHRS is now under the Drug Medical Organized Delivery System and can provide services within the community, allowing their counselors and case managers to visit youths at home,

Consolidated Annual Plan 7 | Page

- school, etc. This program offers resources, tools, and a continuum of care, increasing their overall quality of life and decreasing incarceration for youths.
- Therapeutic Behavioral Services (TBS) is an intensive, individualized, one-to-one behavioral coaching program available to children/youth up to age 21 experiencing a current emotional or behavioral challenge or experiencing a stressful life transition. TBS is only available to children/youth with full-scope Medi-Cal benefits receiving ongoing mental health services. TBS can help children/youth and parents/caregivers learn skills to increase successful behaviors and new ways of reducing challenging behaviors. TBS is not a stand-alone service; it supports an ongoing primary mental health service such as mental health therapy or case management.
- CHAT is a Child Abuse Treatment program that provides services to child victims of violence, abuse, neglect, domestic violence, family, school, and community violence regardless of race, ethnicity, or religion. CHAT assists in referring eligible children to Merced County Victim Witness compensation services and provides help and support during court proceedings at no cost. Approved family members may also receive services as an integral part of the child's treatment plan. CHAT staff members provide immediate and ongoing emotional support to youths as they work through loss, anger, sadness and as they begin to reorganize their lives.
- The CUBE is a wellness center that is planned for youth by youth. The CUBE offers a safe setting for youth to set their wellness & recovery goals. The CUBE serves all transitional-age youth between 16 and 25. Services and Resources available at the CUBE include but are not limited to Therapy; Counseling; Case Management; Social Skills Groups; Indoor/Outdoor Recreation Activities; Independent Living Skills Classes; Employment Assistance; Laundry; Tables for Homework; Computers with Internet Access; Tutoring; and a Quiet Area to Relax.

As part of a larger institutional and community mental health strategy, the Probation Department and Wellpath (contracted mental health provider) have identified treatment needs that must be addressed by Title 15 Minimum Standards for Juvenile Facilities and are also in the best interest of the target population. The Merced County Probation Department and Wellpath developed a collaborative clinical team servicing the behavioral health needs of youthful offenders in the juvenile facility. Wellpath has committed to assigning licensed mental health clinicians and a substance use counselor to provide ongoing direct services to the youth in custody. This integrated team is the first to be placed at the Merced County Juvenile Facility. They provide a culturally competent and trauma-based service approach when delivering services to youth:

 Assessment of mental health symptoms and concerns in a confidential environment upon referral from facility staff, medical staff, or by way of self-referral.

Consolidated Annual Plan 8 | Page

- Individual therapy/rehabilitation at designated intervals as determined to be appropriate by the clinical team.
- Group therapy to include the following topics:
 - Aggression Replacement Therapy (ART);
 - Social Skills;
 - Interpersonal Skills;
 - Stress Management;
 - Decision Making;
 - Stages of Change (Substance Use).
- Family therapy when deemed appropriate by the Clinician.
- Clinical case management, including linkage to substance use disorder services, psychotropic medication evaluation, appropriate follow-up services, and referrals upon release from the facility.
- Collaboration with, consultation, and communication of recommendations to probation and medical staff when permissible and following ethical and legal standards or with a signed release of information.
- Assessment of suicide risk in a confidential environment upon identification of risk and referral from facility staff, medical staff, or by way of self-referral.
- Crisis intervention and stabilization include but are not limited to, an assessment of risk, de-escalation and management of the crisis, and coordination of appropriate treatment and referrals, which may include recommending transport to the hospital for medical clearance or admission to an inpatient psychiatric facility.
- Regularly, but no less than daily, reassessing youth on suicide precautions to determine whether the level of precaution or supervision shall be raised or lowered.
- Reporting all incidents of known or intended self-harm to facility staff and administrators immediately upon discovery.
- Ensuring that youth who are removed from suicide precautions receive a follow-up assessment by a Wellpath clinician within twelve (12) hours of removal.
- Working collaboratively with the assigned program specialist, who will act as a liaison for programmatic services.

Child Welfare Services - The Probation Department works closely with the Merced County Human Services Agency, Child Welfare Services (CWS) agency, and the California Department of Social Services (DSS) in various ways. Probation staff collaborates with Social Workers and CWS administration regarding cases according to Welfare and Institutions Code 241.1 when youth come between dependency (WIC 300) and delinquency (WIC 602) court intervention. Also, CWS has committed to placing a Social Worker at the Probation Department in the capacity of a liaison to resolve issues related to dependents who have been admitted to the Juvenile Facility,

Consolidated Annual Plan 9 | Page

to assist with the processing of 241.1 protocol reports, to generate child abuse and neglect referrals, to conduct emergency response investigations, to provide child welfare services case summaries, assist with case plan development, and participate in planned Probation organized operations.

Public Health – Probation placement officers consult with a Public Health Nurse to synchronize information necessary for Health and Education Passports for foster youth. Pregnant or parenting youth 19 years or under are referred to their Adolescent Family Life Program (AFLP) / Young Parents Program (YPP) for prenatal services, case management support services, and linkage with pertinent medical providers. Healthy Families America (HFA) is a home visiting case management service for (WIC) pregnant or up to 2 months postpartum women, serving families up to the child's 3rd birthday. Additionally, juvenile probation staff refers youth and their caregivers to Public Health nursing services for ongoing education on managing chronic health conditions.

Law Enforcement - Local law enforcement agencies investigate juvenile law offenses and submit new referrals regarding all juvenile matters to the Juvenile Probation Division. The Juvenile Probation Division subsequently reviews and handles all referrals by diversion, referral for informal services, or petition for Juvenile Court intervention.

Education - Probation staff works closely with the local educational systems. Probation staff attends Individualized Education Program (IEP) meetings, Behavioral Intervention Plan (BIP) meetings, 504 meetings, Manifestation Hearings, and parent/teacher conferences, when appropriate, for probation youth. Probation staff visit school campuses regularly to contact youth, verify attendance, address behavioral obstacles, and maintain solid communication with educational staff and administrators regarding the activities (both positive and negative) of probation youth. Probation Officers serve on the School Attendance Review Board (SARB) and take a supportive/mentoring role for Merced County families and children who struggle with truancy-related issues.

Mental Health - Probation continues to work closely with collaborative partners such as Merced County Behavioral Health and Recovery Services Children's System of Care Division. BHRS through their Children's System of Care, provides a streamlined process for referrals and linkage to services. Through Point of Entry (POE), children and youth referrals are reviewed and passed to the appropriate program, such as Supportive Case Management; Intensive Case Management; Home and Community-Based Services; Family-Based Treatment; Community Residences; and Residential Treatment Facilities.

Drug and Alcohol Services - Youth affected by substance abuse issues are referred to the Recovery Assistance for Teens (RAFT) program as offered by Behavioral Health and Recovery Services. RAFT offers three programs under its umbrella. The RAFT Education Program provides intensive prevention services to Merced County youth that have been indicated as high-risk for substance abuse-dependence issues. The program curriculum is comprised of evidence-based principles and practices intended to motivate and support positive decision-making. The program is a minimum of 7 weeks. The RAFT Treatment Program is a counseling and recovery

Consolidated Annual Plan 10 |

program for adolescents that meet diagnostic criteria for substance abuse or dependence as outlined by the DSM IV-TR, Diagnostic and Statistical Manual for Mental Disorders. The treatment program is based on the same principles that make up the long known effective and evidence-based 12-step recovery programs. Youths are encouraged to attend outside 12-step/support meetings throughout treatment voluntarily and as a continuing care program following completion of treatment. This program is a minimum of 90 days.

The Iris Garrett Juvenile Justice Correctional Complex offers a variety of programs to meet each youth's specific treatment needs.

While in custody, youth are required to participate in programming designed to enhance practical life skills and reduce high-risk behavior by addressing trauma. To address the treatment needs of youth while they are in our care, the Merced County Probation Department created two positions, the Probation Program Specialist (PPS) and the Peer Support Specialist (PSS). The PPS is responsible for managing and overseeing the day-to-day operations of the cognitive-behavioral and evidence-based programs facilitated at the facility. This includes working with the facility staff to help enhance programming to reduce risky behavior. Utilizing a trauma-informed approach and Healing Centered Engagement, we encourage youth to understand the impact their behavior (Legacy) leaves behind. The PPS oversees facilitators and performs quality inspections to ensure youth are learning new skills. The PPS also acts as a facilitator of several groups that help teach prosocial behaviors. The PPS conducts independent research and, through data collection, recommends programs that have an everlasting impact on the youth. The PPS is also responsible for the planning and execution of special events: field days, curriculum ceremonies, holiday events, holiday activities, school graduations, etc. Lastly, the PPS provides staff training on Trauma Informed-Care, Cognitive Behavioral Techniques, and evidence-based practices.

Youth participate in standardized cognitive-behavioral intervention curricula that support evidence-based practices and target the youth's identified needs. A multi-disciplinary/integrated team approach includes the youth, the youth's family, facility staff, and education and behavioral health staff.

The following is a list of different programs the facility offers to address youth treatment needs:

Interactive Journaling:

Interactive Journaling® is a structured and experiential writing process that motivates and guides participants toward positive life change. This evidence-based practice brings consistency to service delivery while keeping program participants engaged and focused on their personal change goals. Youth complete the journals in a group setting or one-to-one discussions with their peer support specialist and probation officer. The following journals are used to target individual risk/need:

Consolidated Annual Plan 11 |

- "What Got me Here" participants explore the consequences of past decisions and begin to learn skills for controlling anger, handling negative peer pressure, working with authority figures, and strengthening family ties. This journal should be used by the youth and their peer support specialist as part of case planning.
- "Individual Change Plan" explores the strategies for moving through the steps of change. It helps participants create a personalized plan for targeting, developing, and measuring progress toward goals with the provider and treatment team throughout the treatment process. This journal is used as part of the case planning process.
- "Responsible Behavior" focuses on the link between thoughts, feelings, and behaviors.
 Participants explore the connection between situations, self-talk, and feelings and how they relate to behavior choices. In this Journal, participants are introduced to the Behavior Check strategy for use throughout the treatment process. This journal should be used by the youth and their peer support specialist as part of case planning.
- "Re-entry Planning" pinpoints priorities for a successful transition, including housing, financial responsibility, time management, healthcare needs, employment, life skills, and building a support network. Participants learn how to apply new knowledge and skills to make the most of the reentry experience, including updating and maintaining their Individual Change Plan. This journal should be started approximately three months prior to release by the youth, their peer support specialist, and the probation officer.
- "Handling Difficult Feelings" encourages participants to identify their complex feelings and how they connect to irresponsible behaviors. They will explore seven proven strategies to help them cope with these complicated feelings and then develop a plan to deal with them as they arise.
- "Relationships and Communication" participants focus on understanding and improving relationships. Communication skills are presented to help participants learn to express themselves in healthy ways and as an effective tool to handle negative peer pressure.
- "Victim Awareness" helps participants begin to consider taking personal responsibility
 for their irresponsible and criminal behavior. They look at the ripple effect of their
 behavior on themselves, their victims, their victims' families, their families, and their
 communities and consider ways to make amends for the harm they caused.
- "Substance Using Behaviors" helps participants examine the impact substance use has
 had on their lives and explore ways they can change their alcohol and other drug use
 behaviors with the support of a plan for maintaining positive change.
- "Family" helps participants understand and improve their family relationships. They look at who their family is and the traits passed on to them and consider some qualities and expectations to pass on to future generations (The Change Companies, 2022).

Youth Crossroads:

Youth Crossroads: High-Risk Offenders

The Youth High-Risk Offender curriculum is designed for medium to high-risk offenders. It covers a broad range of issues designed to help participants overcome negative behavioral patterns and enable them to become more pro-social and productive individuals. This curriculum demonstrates ways to make and keep supportive positive friends that will encourage the offender to make pro-social choices. Last but not least, the curriculum covers a variety of research validated employment focused components. The curriculum also introduces the offender to the idea of accepting responsibility for the harm caused to the victim.

Youth Crossroads: Anger Management

The Youth Anger Management curriculum uses role plays and scenarios to assist individuals in learning what they must do to avoid confrontational situations. The curriculum assists participants in learning ways to manage their emotions and develop alternative behavioral responses. Through this skills-based curriculum, participants commit to avoid using anger or violence to solve personal problems.

Youth Crossroads: Cognitive Life Skills

This program offers an extended and comprehensive educational process to help participants overcome negative behavioral patterns, and enable them to be more productive in their environment. Through activity enhanced components targeting criminogenic needs, participants learn how to establish positive, goal-directed behavior patterns, and understand the process necessary to change negative behavior.

Youth Crossroads: Gang Involvement

The Youth Gang Involvement curriculum assists participants in examining the reasons a person joins a gang. The curriculum does not simply focus on the negative aspects of gangs, but allows an exploration into alternative methods of achieving social and economic goals, while providing insight into the consequences of gang membership.

Low-Risk Gang Involvement includes 8 hours of content. Medium-Risk Gang Involvement includes 32 hours of content. High-Risk Gang Involvement includes 44 hours of content.

El Joven Noble

El Joven Noble is a comprehensive indigenous-based youth leadership development program that supports and guides youth through their "rites of passage" process while focusing on preventing substance abuse, teen pregnancy, relationship violence, gang violence, and school failure.

Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT):

How to Escape Your Prison: Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT)

The program has 16 Steps, with 12 of these typically completed in 30 group sessions. Clients complete homework for each group prior to coming to a session. In the group, each client presents their homework, and the facilitator passes the client to the next step or has the client redo the assignment based on objective criteria.

Coping with Anger (MRT)

Coping with Anger is targeted at juveniles who have problems with managing feelings of anger and frustration appropriately. It is used with violent offenders and argumentative or oppositional clients.

Thinking for Good (MRT)

This program is intended to be used in groups with offenders who may be resisting treatment opportunities or in the contemplative stage of making changes. This workbook focuses primarily on typical criminal thinking issues such as Everyone lies, cheats, and steals; no one can be trusted; the rules don't apply to them; that all relationships are manipulative.

Character Development (MRT)

This program focuses on character development through willpower and self-discipline. Youth learn about the meaning of willpower and self-discipline to mitigate bad habits and maladaptive thinking.

Parenting and Family Values (MRT)

Parenting and Family Values is a workbook designed to help participants assess values related to family issues and relationships. Clients perform a clarification on their values regarding family and establish appropriate discipline routines.

Your Lifework (MRT)

This workbook focuses on finding one's life purpose, establishing principles, and living life as being on a personal mission. This unique program guides individuals in an evaluation of their personality, habits, beliefs, and attitudes and compares these to what they believe is their true purpose and mission.

Social Responsibility Training - Targeted at adult and juvenile offenders to teach them socially responsible behaviors while enjoying a positive contribution.

Leadership for Life

A perspective for integrating personal leadership in one's life, family leadership, and leadership within any team, group, or organization. Instead of defining success only through external goals like numbers, awards, and achievements, Leadership for Life considers internal goals, too.

Thinking for Change (T4C)

Is a cognitive-behavioral curriculum developed by the National Institute of Corrections that concentrates on changing the criminogenic thinking of offenders. The foundation of T4C is the utilization of CBT principles throughout the group sessions.

Love Notes:

The Love Notes program is a comprehensive healthy relationship education curriculum that teaches adolescents and young adults (14-24) how to build healthy romantic relationships, prevent dating violence, and improve impulse control.

The Phoenix/New Freedom 100

The program is designed to reduce resistance to behavioral change and decrease antisocial behaviors, including gang activity while increasing linkage to protective factors and pro-social elements. The participants will develop emotional intelligence and empathy, identify risk and protective factors, coping skills and impulse control, manage aggression and violence, problem solve, and develop specific action plans. 100-hour lessons organized into five 20-lesson books to be done sequentially in a closed group.

The Phoenix/ New Freedom Risk and Decision: Community Based

An open group that supports flexible administration for new members to attend throughout the class. Three 10-session units include elements of motivational interviewing (MI) and cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT), as well as analysis of risk factors, the development of key coping and refusal skills, and the development of a safety net.

Prison Education Project (PEP)

PEP has expanded educational opportunities for the in-custody population in 25 California correctional facilities and four international correctional facilities. PEP has embraced a progressive and innovative approach to supplementing and expanding educational opportunities for the incarcerated population. By providing academic, life skills, and career development programming, PEP aims to educate, empower, and transform the lives of incarcerated individuals. The goal of PEP is to create a "Prison-to-School Pipeline" and provide in-custody students with the cognitive tools necessary to function as productive citizens. Their multi-layered approach enhances human development, reduces recidivism, saves resources, and allows participants to ultimately contribute to California's economic and civic life (PEP, 2023).

Consolidated Annual Plan 15 |

Ongoing Programs:

Online College

We have a College Transition Advisor (Tutor) from MCOE that assists and supports youth to graduate high school and successfully transition between high school and post-secondary education. Additionally, the College Transition Advisor advises students on college programs, enrollment, and financial aid.

Career Technical Education: Career Portfolio/Employability Skills Training

We have a fulltime Job Development Training Technician (JDTT) that provides a wide range of career-related services to youth who need additional support to access and enter the local workforce. Some essential duties and responsibilities of the JDTT include the following:

- Assesses student-client interests, skill levels, aptitudes and experiences and develops individualized plans for education, training, and career goals. Provides case management related to the accomplishment of goals.
- Prepares schedules and delivers a broad range of career-related workshops and small group presentations, including but not limited to employability skills, job search techniques, writing applications and/or resumes, interviewing skills, financial literacy, and entrepreneurship.

Regional Occupational Program (ROP)

ROP offers high quality courses in several industry sectors to high school students and adults. ROP classes are appropriate for students who want to: explore career options, gain employability skills, earn high school credits, prepare for advanced education and training, learn new job skills, and/or increase work experience or earn credits at local community colleges. In addition to the skills developed for specific fields, each class helps students develop an employability portfolio, review effective interviewing techniques and identify sources of employment.

The following ROP services are available offsite and/or onsite:

Culinary Essentials (Offsite): This program provides students with hands-on experience, providing fundamental skills and knowledge of food preparation, food, and kitchen safety, sanitization, food costs, basic culinary terminology, proper use of kitchen tools and equipment, and customer service. This course offers students the opportunity to earn a Food Handlers Card and ServSafe Certification. This program includes the completion of an Employment Portfolio and an internship with a local business, providing entry-level skills and training necessary to secure employment in the Food Service Industry.

- Automotive Technology (Offsite): The Automotive Technology Program is structured to serve the trainee who plans to seek employment immediately or to pursue advanced training in a post-secondary Automotive Training Program. The program aims to prepare technicians who can demonstrate the skills necessary to 15 diagnose, service, and repair automotive vehicles. Instruction is designed and aligned to the California State Academic Standards and National Automotive Technicians Education Foundation Industry Standards. Demonstration of knowledge and skills with ASE Standards A1-A8 Engine Repair, Automotive Transmissions, Suspension Systems, Brakes, Electronic and Electrical systems, Heating & Air Conditioning, and Engine Performance. Trainees will complete training internships with local businesses. Trainees will also receive certifications in safety and pollution prevention (S/P2).
- Logistics and Warehousing (Offsite): Students learn the skills needed to be successful in the logistics/warehousing industry. Logistics & Warehousing include the transportation, freight, warehousing, delivery, and support needed to move goods from producers to customers. Students also learn the importance of workplace safety and proper operation of equipment, including a forklift. SP/2 and OSHA 10 Certification provided.
- Rise to Higher Grounds Café/Rise Program: Clients participating in the Bear Creek Academy (BCA) Long Term Program (LT) or Youth Treatment Program (YTP) are enrolled in the Merced County Regional Occupational Program (ROP) Culinary Essentials program. Participation in the program is based on behavior, current status within the BCA LT/YT program, and overall drive to partake in and contribute to the program's success. Youth receive employability skills training followed by paid work experience. With their culinary training, food handler's certification card, experience in the mobile coffee trailer and work experience with a local culinary establishment, participants will be prepared for employment in the local labor market.

Program Sequence:

- Participants attend several weeks of Employability Skills Training facilitated by a credentialed Career Technical Education teacher and/or a Job Development Training Technician.
- The training is held off-campus at the Merced County Office of Education administration complex and/or Merced County Probation Department's Administrative Office to assist students with transitioning from school to a sheltered work environment before placing them at local businesses for paid work experience.
- Upon completion of Employability Skills Training, students can be placed in the mobile coffee trailer, paid work experience program, or additional occupational training.

Other Career Technical Education Program

- Bitwise Training Program- (Onsite) Students can learn computer coding. The duration of this program is 24 weeks and the youth learn about Website for Beginners, Mobile Friendly Websites, Javascript for Beginners, and REACT. Youth will have the opportunity to participate in a paid apprenticeship program upon their release from the facility.
- Solar Technology (Offsite): This program will provide students with the opportunity to train in the field of Solar Technology, and to obtain specific technical skills and certification necessary to become a solar professional.

Describe what approach will be used to facilitate collaboration amongst the organizations listed above and support the integration of services.

All youth deserve to live with a committed, nurturing, and permanent family that prepares them for a successful transition into adulthood. Agencies serving youth, including child welfare, probation, behavioral health, education, and other community service partners, collaborate effectively to surround the youth and family with needed services, resources, and support rather than requiring youth and caregivers to navigate multiple service providers. System partners seek to ensure that all public programs for youth and families provide services in an integrated, comprehensive, culturally responsive, evidence-based/best practice manner, regardless of the agency door by which youth and families enter. This mission includes an awareness of and a commitment to incorporate youth experience and voice into county-level collaborations and partnerships that manage or oversee the delivery of services affecting youth currently in the system and receiving direct and indirect service. System partners are responsible for ensuring appropriate and timely services to youth and families.

Merced County has developed an existing continuum of services that strongly emphasizes collaboration across agency boundaries toward reducing crime and delinquency for delinquent and pre-delinquent youth. The County has a history of developing such inter-agency projects by dedicating pre-existing resources and maximizing external funding through a range of projects. The strengths found through this Juvenile Justice Plan include the following:

- A continuum of care, using graduated responses and programs ranging from prevention and intervention to incapacitation.
- Collaborative service delivered through programs such as Juvenile Behavioral Court Program, intensive wraparound services as facilitated by our county contracted provider ASPIRAnet, and RISE to Higher Grounds Café Cart Program as facilitated by Merced County Office of Education.

Consolidated Annual Plan

• Programs recognizing the need to deal with the multiple causes and problems leading to at-risk and high-risk behavior.

Pursuant to Section 236 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, notwithstanding any other provision of law, probation departments may engage in activities designed to prevent juvenile delinquency. These activities include rendering direct and indirect services to persons in the community. Probation departments shall not be limited to providing services only to those on probation but may provide services to any youth in the community. The fundamental precept of 236 WIC service is that the Probation Officer will reach out into the community, school setting, housing community, etc., and with the assistance of community-based organizations, school officials and other vested stakeholders will identify and intervene with youth vulnerable to situations beyond their control, youth exhibiting risky behavior within the school setting, youth in need of exposure to enriched/prosocial activities, youth not attending school as directed, youth in need of afterschool enrichment activities, etc.

The Community Based Deputy Probation Officer (CBDPO) position was created to provide community protection, youth accountability, and competency development through early intervention. The CBDPO provides prevention, early intervention, and diversion services to all areas of Merced County. The CBDPO targets at-risk youth cited by a law enforcement agency for less serious offenses or referred by school districts. The CBDPO seeks to apply constructive, evidence-based interventions to hold the youth accountable for inappropriate negative and criminal behavior, as well as address the criminogenic needs of the youth when possible.

The City of Merced and Probation Department recognizes the opportunity for community service experiences to benefit the community. The City of Merced and the Probation Department entered into a Memorandum of Understanding to establish a collaborative working relationship between the parties and participating departments and to document the responsibilities of each party relative to the provision of the Community Service Program (CSP). This collaboration aims to provide a positive community service program that benefits the community, the participants, and the agencies.

Collaboration and regular meetings across various disciplines working with youth in both public and private sectors are ongoing. Committees meet to address adverse childhood experiences, commercial sexual exploitation of children, out-of-home placements, and gang intervention.

Weekly Inter-agency Placement Council (IPC) meetings ensure systems partners' programs and policies reflect a coordinated, integrated, and effective delivery of services for children, youth, and families.

The IPC is a group led by the Merced County Human Services Agency in conjunction with representatives from Behavioral Health and Recovery Services and Probation Department that provides guidance, advice, and input to a broad range of programs for children and families, as requested by public and private agencies. Moreover, the IPC creates a committee that determines the appropriate placement of child/youth/non-minor dependent (NMD) when considering foster placement.

The Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council (JJCC) approves and advises the Board of Supervisors on developing and implementing a comprehensive multi-agency plan that identifies resources and strategies for providing an effective continuum of responses for the prevention, intervention, supervision, treatment of in-custody and out-of-custody youth. The Council also coordinates on a countywide basis the work of those governmental and non-governmental organizations engaged in activities designed to reduce the incidence of juvenile crime and delinquency in the greater community, develop information and intelligence-sharing systems to ensure that county actions are fully coordinated and provide data and appropriate outcome measures.

The Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council Subcommittee assists in the development of a comprehensive long-term realignment plan to serve youth at a local level, including the identification of facilities, programming, service needs, and the allocation of grant funding.

The Juvenile Justice Delinquency Prevention Council meets regularly to discuss various issues about juvenile delinquency within Merced County. Representatives from Probation attend these meetings and provide detailed updates on the various programs, future needs, gaps in services, and ongoing challenges within Merced County. To facilitate collaboration amongst the organizations listed above and support the integration of services, the JJDP council convenes to communicate, identify service gaps, and assess progress.

Additional opportunities for collaboration and integration of services come naturally through the many partnerships forged through this and other processes including the IPC, JJCC, JJCC Subcommittee, and JJDP.

B. Identifying and Prioritizing Focus Areas

Identify and prioritize the neighborhoods, schools, and other areas of the county that face the most significant public safety risk from juvenile crime.

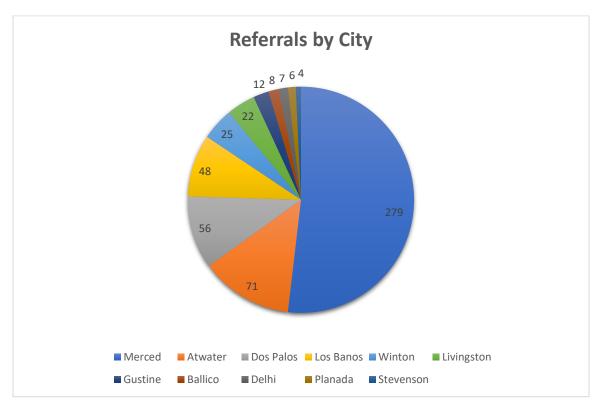
Merced County is situated in the heart of California's agricultural Central Valley. This county expands over 1,979 square miles, and is culturally as well as ethnically diverse, with a population of 255,793 residents. Unfortunately, Merced County is one of the most impoverished areas in the nation with a poverty rate of 16.3%, an unemployment rate of 8.2%, lack of affordable housing and low educational attainment levels (U.S. Census, 2021). Due to these economic conditions, many Merced County residents struggle to meet basic needs such as food, shelter, clothing and transportation.

While most of the population is clustered in the cities of Merced, Los Banos, and Atwater, many families live in small and rural communities. Public transportation in those rural communities is

Consolidated Annual Plan 20 |

non-existent, and long distances to services create a major logistical problem for service providers and those seeking services. In an environment of low income, high levels of poverty, low levels of education, high unemployment, a high percentage of young children, and high rates of drug-related crime, it is no surprise that Merced County experiences high rates of homelessness, child abuse, neglect, and offenses committed by youth. While Merced County has many positive attributes, it is the pervasive of poverty that influences many of the issues and options discussed in this report.

As such, the Probation Department continues to focus on providing responsive programming throughout Merced County. The focus of juvenile prevention and intervention is county-wide. A greater emphasis on areas of the county where a majority of referrals are generated will result in decreased public safety risk from juvenile crime. In the following chart, approximately 52% of referrals received from July 2022 to March 2023, are generated in the City of Merced. Strategies such as providing localized programs or programs offered in a virtual platform increased access to transportation to attend said programs, and language interpreters, take the programs and information directly to the lesser served populations. Implementing programs that work with the whole family, and not just individual youth, provides a more in-depth, holistic approach to deal with the presenting offense, as well as to provide preventative services to lessen re-occurrence.



The problems of at-risk and high-risk youth in Merced County are much like jurisdictions throughout the country. Previous research has shown those youth who exhibit the greatest risk factors are best served in prevention programs. The Probation Department uses the Positive Achievement Change Tool (PACT) assessment to determine risk level to re-offend, identify targets of intervention, and monitor the client's progress. The PACT is validated, reliable, representative of risk and protective factors, representative of static and dynamic factors, and clinically relevant.

At-risk and high-risk youth are composed of individuals who may meet one or more of the following problem criteria:

- School: Those with truancy and attendance issues; those with behavior and adjustment problems; those in danger of failing; and youth either dropping out or in danger of dropping out.
- Family: Those youth residing with families in conflict (including violence and abuse in the home); children of substance abusers; and those whose parents lack fundamental parenting skills. Family issues are often a precursor to youth failing to attend school.
- Community (Anti-social peers and premature independence): Those youth involved in gang or gang-like activities; those youth who are at risk of developing attachments to anti-social friends and norms, and engaging in activities outside convention; those exhibiting signs of early independence through rebelliousness and early initiation into problem behaviors such as truancy; and those out of parental control, and/or suffering from a mental health disorder such as depression, anxiety, and trauma impairing their normal functioning. These youth are typically the most likely to avoid the educational system.
- Sexual activity and resulting parenthood: Youth, who engage in sexual activity, often
 resulting in early parenthood, create a range of problems for themselves and their
 children.
- Substance Abuse: Youth consuming substances can lead to problems at school, cause or aggravate physical and mental health-related issues, promote poor peer relationships, and place stress on the family. Continued use can develop into lifelong issues such as substance dependence, chronic health problems, and social and financial consequences.
- Behavioral Health: By age 14 over half of the mental health conditions begin. 75% of mental health conditions develop by age 24. The normal personality and behavior changes of adolescence may mimic or mask symptoms of a mental health condition.

Consolidated Annual Plan 22 |

Early engagement and support are crucial to improving outcomes and increasing the promise of recovery.

 Poverty: Youth living in poverty are pressured to survive in low socioeconomic communities that lack resources such as job opportunities, financial support, and access to affordable housing. This lack of resources in these communities can impede youth from becoming successful in a society that favors those with money.

C. Juvenile Justice Action Strategy

Describe your county's juvenile justice action strategy. Include an explanation of your county's continuum of responses to juvenile crime and delinquency as well as a description of the approach used to ensure a collaborative and integrated approach for implementing a system of swift, certain, and graduated responses for at-risk youth and juvenile offenders.

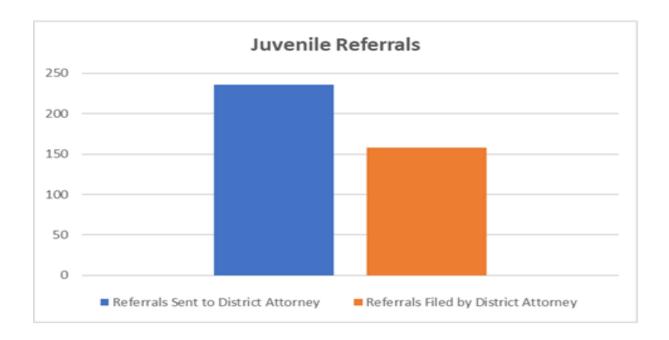
The Juvenile Justice Plan adopted several strategies to address both prevention and intervention of what was, at that time, a growing juvenile delinquency problem within Merced County. By adopting these strategies and implementing numerous programs supported by YOBG and JJCPA funding sources, the trend of Juvenile Delinquency in Merced County has decreased significantly over the last decade. With this in mind, preventative services will remain a focus.

The Probation Department works collaboratively with our Child Welfare partners to ensure that engagement is at the least restrictive level within the various systems. Protocols are established to staff cases according to the 241.1 Welfare & Institutions Code. Weekly meetings of the IPC ensure system partner programs and policies reflect a coordinated, integrated, and effective delivery of services for children, youth, and families. The IPC continues to provide guidance, advice, and input to a broad range of programs for children and families, as requested by public and private agencies.

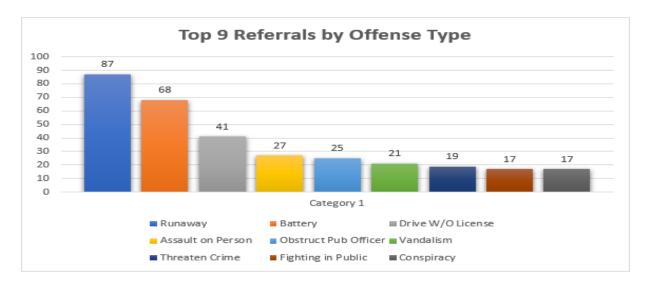
The Probation Department continues to be proactive in implementing evidence-based strategies, establishing strong collaborative relationships, and developing needed programs and interventions both within the department and with outside agencies. This approach has contributed to the significant reduction in juvenile arrests, incarceration, and youth under correctional supervision. The youths that remain under supervision have significantly higher needs and Merced County has continued to look at strategies for addressing this population of youth. Probation's juvenile justice strategy is to continue to be evidence and strength-based, as well as collaborative and balanced in terms of offender accountability and rehabilitation.

Consolidated Annual Plan 23 |

The Juvenile Services Division oversees all juvenile matters referred to the Probation Department by other law enforcement agencies in Merced County. Probation staff process hundreds of referrals from law enforcement agencies for youth alleged to have committed law violations, those who are beyond parental control, curfew violators, truants, or runaways. In the following chart, between July 2022 to March 2023, the Probation Department had forwarded 236 referrals to the Merced County District Attorney's Office for review and a petition was filed with the juvenile court on 158 of those referrals.



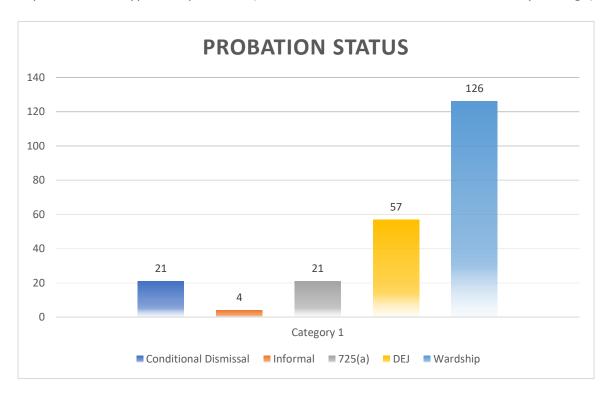
In the following chart between July 2022 to March 2023, the Probation Department identified the top 9 received referrals by offense type.



In a review of the data presented above, referrals for Runaway still make up the largest category of referrals received. Youth who run away face new problems like not having money, food to eat, a safe place to sleep, or anyone to look out for them. Youth with no home and no money become desperate, doing anything to meet their basic needs. Because of this, they often find themselves in risky situations.

As previously mentioned, the Community Based Deputy Probation Officer (CBDPO) intends to target at-risk populations in underserved and high-risk neighborhoods. The CBDPO provides prevention, early intervention, and diversion services and applies constructive, evidence-based interventions to hold the youth accountable for inappropriate negative and criminal behavior, as well as address the criminogenic needs of the youth when possible.

The following chart, between July 2022 to March 2023, shows the number of youths under supervision and type of supervision (the totals below were calculated on a daily average).



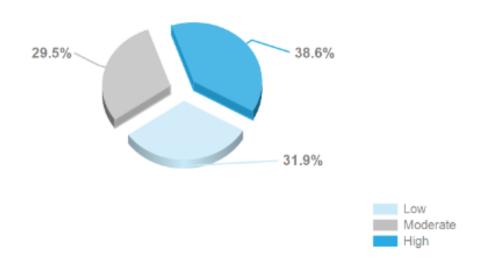
The Probation Department has adopted the use of detailed assessments of all juvenile referrals to help categorize the level of supervision warranted and to provide targeted interventions to address the specific criminogenic needs of youth. In the following chart between July 2022 to March 2023, the Probation Department identified the average number of cases assessed at a specific level. On average, there are 80 youth assessed as High Risk, 61 were assessed as Moderate Risk, and 66 were assessed as Low Risk.

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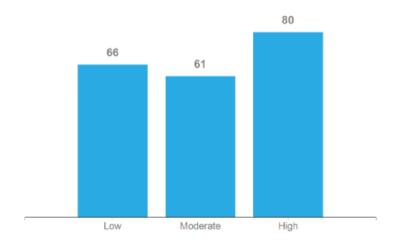
Risk Level Report Report for assessments completed between 7/1/2022 and 3/1/2023



Percentage PERCENTAGE GROUPED BY RISK LEVEL



COUNT GROUPED BY RISK LEVEL



To ensure an integrated approach for a system of swift, certain, and graduated responses for youth, the Probation Department utilizes a "Graduated Positive Response Grid" for an incentive-based approach and a "Graduated Response Grid" for redirecting and encouraging behavior change. The Graduated Positive Response Grid provides a continuum of motivational incentives to achieve desired behaviors and decrease undesirable behaviors for youth under supervision to the extent attainable. For a graduated positive response system to be effective in modifying behavior, probation must adhere to certainty, celerity, and magnitude.

LOW LEVEL		MODERATE LEVEL		HIGH LEVEL		
DESIRED BEHAVIOR	Adhering to Curfew Keeping Appointments Enrolled in Required Programs Enrolled in School Improved Family Relationships Modeling Pro-Social Skills Engaged in Physical Activities Improved Hygiene Arranging Own Transportation Positive Collateral Contacts/Reports Making good choices Keeping Program Appointments Attending Court Hearings	DESIRED BEHAVIOR	Clean drug/alcohol test Improved School Attendance Program Attendance/Participation New Pro-Social Activity Making Restitution/Fine Payment Identifying Own Trigger(s) Active Participation in Case Planning Positive Court Review Association with Pro-Social Peers Demonstrates Effective Coping Skills Self-referral to Program Applying for Gainful Employment Reduction in Risk Level(s) Completing Registration Requirement Taking Prescription Medication Display Sincere Appreciation for Others Improved Grades	DESIRED BEHAVIOR	Securing Gainful Employment Completing a Program Secure & Maintain Housing Completion of Case Plan Goal/Objective Gang Tattoo Removal Membership in Pro-Social Organization Self-sufficiency Obtain High School Diploma/GED Obtain Driver's License Six Months of Sobriety Payment of Restitution/Fines in Full Disassociation with Anti-Social Peers Leadership Role in a Probation Program Acting as Peer Mentor	DESIRED BEHAVIOR
SUGGESTED RESPONSES	Verbal Positive Praise/Reinforcement E-mail/Text Message Affirmation Snacks Drinks Achievement Coin Note Card with Positive Message Bus Tokens	SUGGESTED RESPONSES	MODERATE LEVEL Any Low-Level Response Bus Pass Five/ Seven Dollar Gift Card(s) Decreased Reporting Requirement Decreased Drug/Alcohol Testing Positive Report to Court/Judge (Ex-Parte) Reduced Level of Supervision	SUGGESTED RESPONSES	HIGH LEVEL Any Low- or Moderate-Level Response Certificate of Completion Recommendation to Modify Term/Condition of Probation Ten Dollar Gift Card (s) Early Termination of Probation	SUGGESTED RESPONSES

To reduce violations, Probation utilizes a "Graduated Response Grid" to bring more uniformity and objectivity to the Probation Officer's response to a client's behavior. The implementation of evidence-based responses to violations of probation enhances community safety and promotes behavior change. It is also important to recognize and acknowledge the signs of progress and to encourage youth toward greater compliance and positive life accomplishments.

	MINOR VIOLATIONS		INTERMEDIATE VIOLATIONS		SERIOUS VIOLATIONS	
	• Truancy (2 days of varied unexcused	1	Multiple (3 or more) minor violations w/in 30 days	1	Multiple (3 or more) intermediate violations	
PROBATION VIOLATION	absences w/in 1 mo.)		Truancy (3-5 days of varied unexcused absences		w/in 30 days	
	School Disruption resulting in on campus		w/in 1 mo.)		School Expulsion	
	suspension/detention		School Disruption resulting in off campus		Leaving Home Without Permission for more	
	Curfew Violation (2 or less within 1 mo.)		suspension		than 48hrs (whereabouts unknown)	
	Failure to Keep Appointments/Maintain		Curfew Violation (3-4 within 1 mo.)		Positive Drug Screen or Admission for any	
	Contact with DPO (whereabouts known)		Leaving Home Without Permission for less than		substance other than marijuana	
4	Leaving Home Without Permission for less		24hrs (2 times w/in 1 mo.)		Violate no Contact Order - Victim	
₫	than 24hrs (1 time w/in 1/mo.)		Positive Drug Screen or Admission (marijuana),		Association with Gang Members and/or Co-	
2	• Leaving County Without Permission (1 time		Alcohol use or Possession, Tobacco use or		defendants, Felons/Ex-Felons	
₽	w/in mo. – whereabouts known)		possession (2 w/in 3 months)		Arrest for Violent Misdemeanor or any Felony	
\ \	Positive Drug Screen or Admission		Association with Restricted Persons and/or Wards		Leaving Court Ordered Placement	
Ö	(marijuana), Alcohol Use/Possession,		Entering Prohibited Places		Refusal to Test	
=	Tobacco Use/Possession (1 time w/in 1 mo.)		Arrest for Non-Violent Misdemeanor		Tamper with GPS Device/Equipment	
	Traffic Infraction		Failure to Attend Court Ordered Programming (4)		Tamper with Drug Test	
	Failure to Attend Court Ordered		or less times w/in 2 mo.)		Leave state/county w/o permission	
	Programming (2 or less times w/in 1 month)		Failure to Attend Court Ordered Counseling (1-		(Whereabouts Unknown)	
			time w/in 1 mo.)			
	RESPONSE FOR MINOR VIOLATIONS	,	RESPONSE FOR INTERMEDIATE VIOLATIONS	, ,	RESPONSE FOR SERIOUS VIOLATIONS	
	Verbal Reprimand		•Any minor level sanction(s)		Any minor or intermediate level sanction(s)	
	• Letter of Apology		 Meeting with Youth/Parent/School (CFT) 		Referral to WRAP Services	
	Writing Assignment on Condition Violated		Referral to MH/RAFT counseling		Restrictions on Curfew/Location(s)/	
ž	Essay, Book Report or Thinking Report		•Referral to Breaking Barriers (Westside)		Association(s) (up to 14 days)	
=	Home Based Chores (up to 7 days)		• Increased reporting (in person or by phone)		BCA Home Commitment Level II	
8	Loss of Home-based Privileges (up to 7 days)		Community Service (up to 16 hours)		Increase Supervision Level	
	Restriction on Curfew and/or		Increase Drug/Alcohol Testing		Community Service (up to 40 hours)	
	Association(s) (Up to 7 days)		Recommend modification of terms		• Home-Based Chores (up to 14 days)	
	Community Service (up to 8 hrs.)				 Loss of Home-Based Privileges (up to 14 days) 	
	RESPONSE FOR MINOR VIOLATIONS		RESPONSE FOR INTERMEDIATE VIOLATIONS		RESPONSE FOR SERIOUS VIOLATIONS	
	RESPONSE FOR MINOR VIOLATIONS • Verbal Reprimand	1		1		
	Verbal Reprimand		Any minor level sanction(s)		Any minor or intermediate level sanction(s)	
	Verbal Reprimand Meeting with Parent/Youth/School (CFT)		Any minor level sanction(s) Home-Based Chores (up to 14 days)		Any minor or intermediate level sanction(s) Community Service (up to 40 hours)	
XSR	Verbal Reprimand Meeting with Parent/Youth/School (CFT) Essay, Book Report or Thinking Report		Any minor level sanction(s) Home-Based Chores (up to 14 days) Loss of Home-Based Privileges (14 days)		Any minor or intermediate level sanction(s) Community Service (up to 40 hours) BCA Home Commitment Level III	
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DERATE RISK	Verbal Reprimand Meeting with Parent/Youth/School (CFT) Saay, Book Report or Thinking Report Home-Based Chores (up to 7 days) Loss of Home-Based Privileges (up to 7 days) Increased Reporting (by phone or in person)		Any minor level sanction(s) Home-Based Chores (up to 14 days) Loss of Home-Based Privileges (14 days) Restrictions on Curfew and Association (up to 14 days) Community Service (up to 24 hours)		Any minor or intermediate level sanction(s) Community Service (up to 40 hours) BCA Home Commitment Level III Increase Supervision Level Detention (Requires SPO Approval)	
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As a result of various interventions, Merced County has seen the level of out-of-home residential placements drop significantly. Increased and better-coordinated services, both in the community and in the Juvenile Facility, have resulted in lowered populations of youth on formal probation and reduced numbers of youth requiring detention.

The Merced County Probation Department intends to utilize all of the programming and services funded through the YOBG in coordination with the services provided through JJCPA to provide supervision and rehabilitative services to realigned youth.

Iris Garrett Juvenile Justice Correctional Complex

The juvenile facility continues to provide youth with the Behavioral Management System (BMS) that promotes positive behavior by encouraging adherence to facility rules, providing pro-social and skill-building chores to willing residents, and recognizing hard work and good behavior with enhanced privileges. The BMS is a multi-level system designed to increase desired behaviors through reinforcements and decrease unwanted behaviors through a menu of appropriate sanctions. The system is designed around effective interventions and follows best practice guidelines of effective reinforcement and sanctioning behavior.

The BMS is designed on several principles of effective reinforcement/sanction, relying especially on two of the primary principles: immediacy and consistency. The BMS provides youth and staff with the ability to reinforce and sanction behavior timely while also providing opportunities to reinforce long-term positive change. The BMS is comprised of a three-tiered system that is designed to address immediate, short-term, and long-term behavior.

D. Comprehensive Plan Revisions

Describe how your Plan has been updated for this year.

JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

The Cactus Flower Art Program

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

Research indicates that the arts can improve the outcomes of vulnerable and justice-involved youth (Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency, 2023). The path to sustainable community safety solutions includes evidence-informed strategies that support youth and guide them away from arrest and incarceration when possible. The arts support the development of skills that play a key role in lasting success in school, work and life. As such, our focus will support a high-quality arts program for justice-involved youth to reduce juvenile delinquency, recidivism and/or other problem and high-risk behaviors.

Description:

The Merced County Probation Department will implement the Cactus Flower Art Program. The purpose is to expand and enhance the quality and cultural relevance of the arts programs for

current and previous justice-involved youth in the service area of Merced County, and to reduce juvenile delinquency, recidivism, and/or other problem and high-risk behaviors. The Merced County Probation Department will coordinate program activities with a subrecipient, Youth Leadership Institute (yli), who is dedicated to building youth leadership to serve communities by solving pressing social issues.

The Cactus Flower Art Program is the next step for youth who have completed Moving Forward. Both are yli-developed, using a blend of El Joven Noble, Positive Youth Development (PYD) and Culturally Relevant Pedagogy (CRP). Both programs are healing initiatives that draw on Indigenous practices to find alternative forms of healing through talking circles (Moving Forward) and art (Cactus Flower), leading to meaningful youth and family partnerships through art. Youth participate in storytelling that leads to artistic expression, an introspective process to examine their values, beliefs, culture, and traditions, and how they impact their family, their chosen family, and the person they want to become. Programs also explore Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) and the influence that has on how they react to stimuli and their environment. Art experts will be brought in to facilitate the creation of projects. Program components include learning about and exploring various artistic mediums such as spoken word, canvas paintings, oral storytelling, poetry, photography, murals, abstract art, embroidery, etc. Art is utilized as a tool for youth to use their voice for activism, healing, and to help others - family members, other youth, and community members, avoid following a path that leads to being system involved.

Milestones: Youth art creations will be featured in four art shows throughout Merced County with family, friends, dignitaries, and community members, followed by art being on display at multiple public venues, as well as being featured in a zine (small magazine) and/or anthology published by yli. Finally, youth will reflect on the creation process, their completed projects, the art show, and the impact of the experience for themselves and their families. Expected outcomes: Broadened youth opportunities for a better future through: 1) A reduction in juvenile delinquency, recidivism, and high risk behaviors; 2) Strengthened collaborations among arts and community-based organizations; 3) A reduction in justice system risk factors; and 4) An increase in protective factors.

Part II. Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act (JJCPA) – Government Code Section 30061(b)(4))

A. Information Sharing and Data

Describe your information systems and their ability to facilitate the sharing of data across agencies within your county. Describe the data obtained through these systems and how those data are used to measure the success of juvenile justice programs and strategies.

Consolidated Annual Plan 30 |

The Merced County Probation Department currently utilizes a web-based SaaS (software as a service) solution that enables the department to coordinate, communicate, record, and track each step of a client's supervision process. Built-in features allow for streamlined client management, while multiple layers of security provide system protection at a centralized data center, application, and user levels that is Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) compliant and meets Amazon GovCloud requirements.

The system allows for full case monitoring and reporting capabilities for adult and juvenile clients. Additionally, the system was developed with institution management in mind. The scalable and flexible system allows for tracking, recording, moving, and reporting seamlessly. Moreover, the system allows for:

- Integrated forms generation
- Document management
- Reduce missed events by sending automatic appointment reminders
- Integration with 3^{rd.} party assessment providers
- Reports generation (Reports can be shared with agencies within the County)

B. Juvenile Justice Coordinating Councils

Does your county have a fully constituted Juvenile Justice Council (JJCC) as Prescribed by Welfare & Institutions Code 749.22?

Yes

If no, please explain what vacancies exist on your JJCC, when those vacancies began, and your plan for filling them.

C. Funded Programs, Strategies, and/or System Enhancements

Describe each program, strategy, and/or system enhancement that will be supported with funding from JJPCA, identifying anything that is co-funded with Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG) money.

JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

Juvenile Field Supervision Services

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

The officers assigned to the Juvenile Field Supervision Services Unit utilize the Positive Achievement Change Tool (PACT) to determine what level of supervision a youth will receive. Supervision by risk level is a fundamental principle of evidence-based supervision that is supported by extensive research. Moreover, the Probation Department utilizes a Response Matrix to bring more uniformity and objectivity to the Deputy Probation Officer's response to a client's behavior. Nevertheless, the primary role of our Deputy Probation Officers is to keep communities safe and act as change agents by mobilizing youth into change and action, utilizing other evidence-based practices such as motivational interviewing and facilitating cognitive-behavioral treatment programs.

Description:

Since the inception of the Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act (JJCPA), the Merced County Probation Department has utilized the allocation for school-based supervision. The initial focus was to supervise juvenile probationers and provide prevention and intervention services to other students who exhibit at-risk behaviors such as truancy, tardiness, and poor academics. Over time, the various school districts evolved the utilization of Deputy Probation Officers more for campus security rather than utilizing evidence-based approaches for addressing youth behavior.

The Merced County Probation Department presented a modification to employ a three-pronged approach to addressing juvenile delinquency: 1. Caseload reduction; 2. Assign minors to caseloads based on risk and need; 3. Provide cognitive behavioral services to address dynamic needs. First, Probation implemented evidence-based supervision practices. Professionals recognized for identifying these practices, including the American Probation and Parole Association (APPA), recommend minor-to-staff ratios of between 15 and 50:1. APPA's 2006 publication, Caseload Standards for Probation and Parole, was authored by Bill Burrell, Associate Professor, Temple University. Burrell recommended a 15:1 ratio for highest risk, 30:1 for moderate to high, 100:1 for low, and no supervision for lowest (administrative supervision in those cases).

Before the modification, Deputy Probation Officers supervised between 60 and 75 youth. Caseload assignment did not distinguish between the level of risk or offense, nor are the assignments offender-need specific. The timing for the modification was perfect for implementing the Positive Achievement Change Tool (PACT). According to the probation department's vendor: "The PACT identifies not only the areas (domains) in which the juvenile is most at risk but just as importantly, those in which he or she has strengths (protective factors)

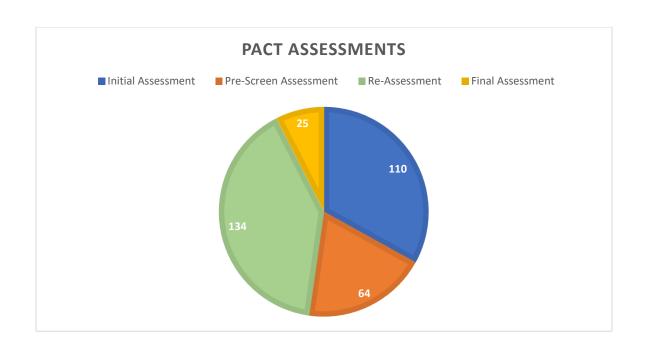
Consolidated Annual Plan 32 |

which can be built upon to help turn the youth's life around. Risk and protective factors in the instrument include both static and dynamic characteristics. The benefit of measuring both factors and characteristics is that a juvenile justice professional can better match a child's current needs with the appropriate programs and services. The comprehensive assessment instrument measures a youth's risk and protective factors in the following 12 domains: Criminal History, School, Use of Free Time, Employment, Relationships, Family, Living Arrangements, Alcohol and Drugs, Mental Health, Attitudes/Behaviors, Aggression, and Skills. Assessment of criminogenic risk factors and treatment directed toward changing dynamic characteristics provides the best chance of reducing recidivism."

All youth had a PACT assessment completed and were assigned to supervision caseloads based on their level to re-offend and their specific needs. Each of the officers currently funded by JJCPA was assigned workspaces within the confines of the juvenile probation office rather than being stationed solely on school campuses. The officers continue to have a presence on various campuses; however, the focus will be more on providing proven intervention services rather than serving as a school resource and truancy officers.

Currently, the Juvenile Field Services Unit consists of seven (7) Deputy Probation Officers and one (1) Supervising Probation Officer who works in partnership with various law enforcement and community service agencies in the supervision of high-risk and moderate-risk youth. As previously mentioned, all cases identified as being low-risk in the Merced area continue to be supervised by a Probation Assistant. The average caseload size is approximately 20 cases.

Between July 2022 and March 2023, the Probation Department completed a total of 134 Re-Assessments, 110 Initial Assessments, 64 Pre-Screen Assessments, and 64 Final Assessments for a total of 333 Assessments (PACT Assessments Chart). On average, staff completed 27 assessments per month with an average completion time of 20 to 30 minutes (Count Over Time Chart).

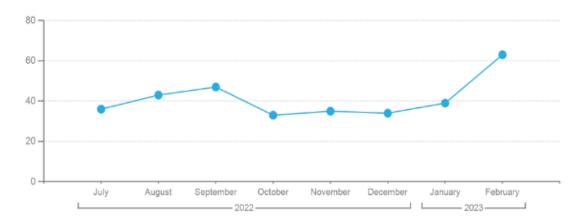


Completed Assessments Report

Completed Assessments between 7/1/2022 and 3/1/2023 for Merced County Juvenile



Count over Time
COUNT OF COMPLETED ASSESSMENTS



The scores from the PACT are utilized to determine the dynamic factors influencing the youthful offender's anti-social behavior. It will provide the facts (evidence) needed to develop a case plan to effectively address these prioritized criminogenic needs. In a very focused way, the case

plan helps probation staff define the youthful offender's unique behavioral problems and create goals and actions to resolve those problems.

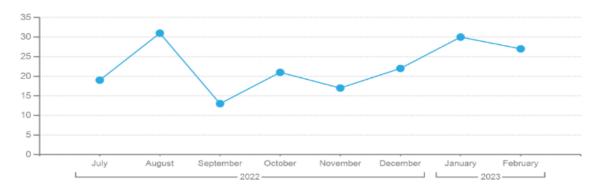
Between July 2022 and March 2023, a total of 180 case plans were completed by the department.

Completed Case Plan Snapshots Report

Completed Case Plan Snapshots between 7/1/2022 and 3/1/2023



Count over Time COUNT OF SNAPSHOTS



Count by Case Plan Type COUNT OF SNAPSHOTS

Case Plan Type	Total Snapshots		
Standard Case Plan	131		
Title IV-E Case Plan	39		
CPOC Placement Case Plan	10		
Total	180		

Effective case planning addresses how to meet a youth's unique needs to reduce re-offending rates and set up the youth for success in their community. To improve the odds of young people succeeding on juvenile probation and beyond, probation officers formulate case plans through a collaborative process with youth and their families. Under this practice, probation staff conduct early and intensive activities (Parent Cafés, family activities and events, MDT/CFT meetings) to build relationships with the youth and the family members and other supportive adults in that youth's life. The Merced County Probation Department continues to offer a wide variety of family-focused intervention strategies to effectively address delinquent conduct. We recognize that strengthening probation's role in partnering with parents and other family mem-

bers is critical since these individuals have a substantial and lasting influence on a youth's person's life. As such, between July 2022 and March 2023, the Merced County Probation Department held 5 Parent Cafés, 17 Family Activities, 12 MDTs and 55 CFTs.

These practices have been proven to be effective as ninety percent (90%) of those being engaged by the department had positive changes when they completed reassessments.

Changed Answers Report

Report comparing assessment response



Percentage

PERCENTAGE OF COMPLETED ASSESSMENTS WITH NO CHANGED ANSWERS



FIGURE 1

- Percentage of completed assessments with no changed answers
- Percentage of completed assessments with changed answers

COUNT OF DUPLICATE ASSESSMENTS GROUPED BY RISK LEVEL

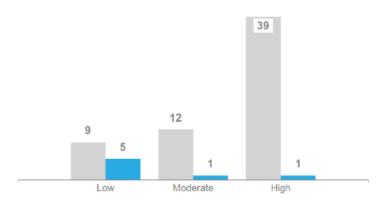


FIGURE 2

- Count of completed assessments with no changed answers and risk level
- Count of completed assessments with changed answers and risk level

In summary, the modification to the Merced County Probation Department's JJCPA program has improved how we address rates of recidivism, incarceration, restitution, and community service, as well as continue to address school attendance and academic achievement.

JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

Community Based Deputy Probation (CBDPO)

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

Engaging in delinquent behavior and/or risky behaviors can lead to drug use and dependency, dropping out of school, incarceration, adult criminal behavior, and injury. Early intervention and prevention of delinquent behavior can divert juveniles from the adverse consequences that can result from delinquency and the juvenile justice system.

There are identified risk factors that increase a juvenile's likelihood to engage in delinquent behavior, although there is no single determinative risk factor. To counteract these risk factors, protective factors have also been identified to minimize a juvenile's likelihood to engage in delinquent behavior.

The four areas of risk factors are individual, family, peer, and school, and community. Individual risk factors include early antisocial behavior, poor cognitive development, hyperactivity, and emotional factors, such as mental health challenges. Family risk factors include poverty, maltreatment, family violence, divorce, parental psychopathology, familial antisocial behaviors, teenage parenthood, single-parent family, and large family size. Peer factors of association with deviant peers and peer rejection are identified as risk factors. School and community risk factors include failure to bond to school, poor academic performance, low academic aspirations, neighborhood disadvantage, disorganized neighborhoods, the concentration of

Consolidated Annual Plan 37 |

delinquent peer groups, and access to weapons. Many of these risk factors overlap. In some cases, the existence of one risk factor contributes to the existence of another or others.

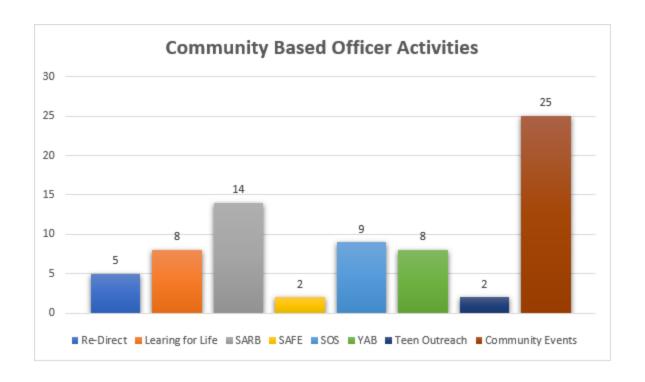
Generally, protective factors --such as positive school attendance, positive social orientation, or the ability to discuss problems with parents --are a buffer to minimize or moderate the effect of risk factors and their ability to bring about delinquent behavior. Protective factors seem to mitigate the influence of risk factors. Both risk and protective factors are discussed as part of delinquency prevention and intervention (National Conference of State of Legislatures, 2022).

Description:

The CBDPO provides prevention, early intervention, and diversion services to all areas of Merced County. The CBDPO targets at-risk, low-level youth cited out by a law enforcement agency or referred by school districts. The CBDPO seeks to apply constructive evidence-based interventions to hold the youth accountable for inappropriate and criminal behavior, as well as address the criminogenic needs of the youth when possible. The CBDPO is currently located at the Merced Main Office (they will be relocated to the Stephen Leonard Community Center in the near future) and is supervised by the Juvenile Intake/Investigations Supervising Probation Officer. The CBDPO is the point of contact for all school districts within the County of Merced. It is the responsibility of the CBDPO to make regular contact with school districts and school sites to establish and build rapport. The CBDPO also acts as the primary representative of the Probation Department to participate in School Attendance Review Boards (SARB). The CBDPO is also the point of contact for our partnership with the Merced County District Attorney's Office Supporting Attendance and Families through Education (S.A.F.E.) Program. All Truancy referrals are assigned to the CBDPO for intake and investigation. The CBDPO works collaboratively with the respective school district that generated the truancy referral.

In addition, the CBDPO is responsible for managing the Youth Accountability Board (YAB) program and ensuring appropriate youth are receiving a suitable level of services. The CBDPO provides community outreach and attempts to recruit volunteers to serve as Social Investigators and panel members. The CBDPO also participates in and acts as a representative of the Probation Department for monthly (or as needed) Supporting Ongoing Services (S.O.S.) meetings. The CBDPO also participates in and acts as a representative and primary presenter for the Re-Direct Program. During July 2022 through March 2023, the CBDPOs participated in nine (9) S.O.S. panels and presented at five (5) Re-Direct sessions. In addition to these activities, the CBDPOs facilitated eight (8) Learning for Life sessions, eight (8) YAB panels, and participated in fourteen (14) SARB meetings for various school districts throughout Merced County. During this period, the CBDPOs also participated in twenty-five (25) community events, including: Breaking Barriers' Trunk or Treat, Coats for Kids, National Night Out, Kids Connect, Rachel's Challenge, Week of the Child, and various career fairs.

Consolidated Annual Plan



JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

Probation Assistant (PA) Supervising Low-Risk Caseload

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

Research has shown that focusing time, attention, and resources on low-risk youth has negligible impacts on recidivism. Intensive supervision of these youth can produce negative consequences: Low-risk youth supervised at higher levels are more likely to re-offend compared to low-risk youth who are placed under supervision programs involving minimal levels of contacts, treatment, monitoring, etc. (Andrews, D. A., & Bonta, J., 2010).

Description:

The agency sees the benefit of transitioning all low-risk youth to the direct supervision of a Probation Assistant (PA). The agency utilizes the Positive Achievement Change Tool (PACT) to determine what level of supervision a youth will receive. Supervision by risk level is a fundamental principle of evidence-based supervision that is supported by extensive research. The assigned PA has met the expectation as outlined by the agency; to include, monthly contacts in the office or by phone, home visits (as needed and conducted by DPO's), monthly collateral contacts/resources referrals, monthly victim contact, and drug/alcohol testing and

Consolidated Annual Plan 39 |

searches (as needed and conducted by DPO's). The following chart between July 2022 and March 2023 displays all activities conducted during the period.



Additionally, the PA will limit their supervision activities for low-risk youth to monitor compliance with the conditions of release, if applicable, and respond appropriately to any changes in circumstances.

Program Name:

Pathways to Success Program (Stephen Leonard Community Center). This program has not fully launched as the Stephen Leonard Community Center sustained damages due to a fire on May 16, 2022, and it is being renovated. Some services are being delivered at our Administrative Office.

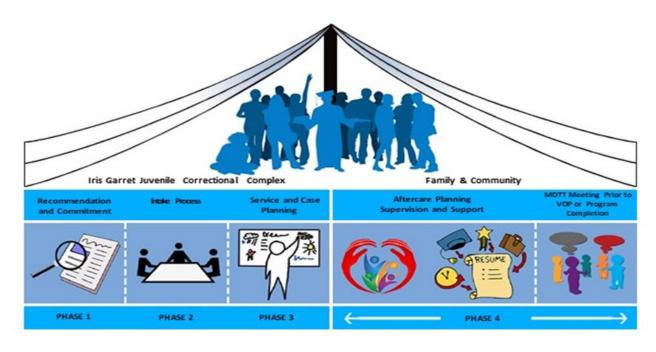
Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

The Pathways to Success Program will be modeled after successful reentry and prevention programs across the state and nation. The Pathways to Success Program, which will be colocated at the Stephen Leonard Community Center, will use a multiagency collaborative approach to work with youth and their families needing different levels of care, services, and support. This center will offer wrap around reentry support to youth returning out of camp commitments and will serve as a prevention hub where supportive services and evidence-based programing will be offered to at-risk and probation-involved youths and their families.

Aftercare Planning (Reentry Services):

Assisting youthful offenders to live crime free lives requires that they have access to programs and services that help build the skills needed to reintegrate into the community successfully. Unfortunately, young people leaving a secure treatment facility face many barriers as they reintegrate with families and communities. Research indicates many young people return to unstable home environments, struggle to remain in school, have barriers to securing employment, and have a behavioral health disorder that can negatively impact reintegration (Youth.gov, 2022). In order to improve the odds of success for youth reentering the community, effective service delivery must bridge many agencies, services and supports before and after release. As such, the Merced County Probation Department has adopted a Community Integration Model to reintegrate justice system-involved youth to their families and communities with the knowledge and skills necessary to live successful, crime-free lives. Our Community Integration Model or "Bridge to Success" approach will ensure staff work collaboratively with the youth and their families, as well other significant supports to develop individualized rehabilitation plans that consider all their needs and is designed to assist with community reintegration. Our model consists of four main phases.

Merced County Probation Continuum of Services to Community Integration Model "Bridge to Success"



Consolidated Annual Plan 41 |

Phase I: Recommendation and Commitment

Youths being considered for any of our commitment programs will be assessed to determine their risk level to the community to ensure confinement is being utilized as a last resort due to less restrictive alternative dispositions being unsuitable.

Phase II: Intake Process

In order to prepare youth for successful re-integration, planning for re-integration must begin from day one. All youth who are committed to our commitment programs receive a variety of comprehensive assessments to identify risk factors, needs, and strengths to develop the Individual Rehabilitation Plan. The Residential Positive Achievement Change Tool (R-PACT) identifies each youth's risk level and needs. The R-PACT identifies not only the areas (domains) in which the youth is most at risk, but just as importantly, those in which their strengths (protective factors) which can be built upon to help turn their life around. Risk and protective factors in this instrument include both static and dynamic characteristics. The benefit of measuring both factors and characteristics is that a juvenile justice professional is better able to match the youth's current needs with the appropriate programs and services.

This comprehensive assessment instrument measures the youth's risk and protective factors in the following 12 domains: Criminal History, School, Use of Free Time, Employment, Relationships, Family, Living Arrangements, Alcohol and Drugs, Mental Health, Attitudes/Behaviors, Aggression, and Skills. Assessment of criminogenic risk factors and treatment directed toward changing dynamic characteristics provides the best chance of reducing recidivism.

The R-PACT may be used by non-clinical staff in juvenile intake, diversion, probation, detention, group home placement, and aftercare settings. The instrument is administered in a client interview setting and requires approximately 45 minutes.

Other facility assessments, such as Individualized Education Program (IEP) evaluations, aptitude tests, and behavioral health evaluations, will also be utilized to help prepare the youth's treatment plan and rehabilitation program.

Phase III: Service and Individual Rehabilitation Plan

The scores from the R-PACT are utilized to determine the dynamic factors influencing the youth's anti-social behavior. It will provide the facts (evidence) needed to develop an Individual Rehabilitation Plan (IRP) to effectively address these prioritized criminogenic needs. In a very focused way, the IRP helps probation staff and judges define the youth's unique behavioral problems and create goals and actions to resolve those problems.

This phase consists of periodic meetings and Court hearings to review the youth's progress toward rehabilitation and also to mitigate potential setbacks. This phase includes the following:

Consolidated Annual Plan 42 |

- Monthly meetings with the youth's Deputy Probation Officer to monitor their progress toward treatment goals and intervention services, and to routinely conduct criminogenic risk/needs assessments.
- Monthly meetings with the youth's multidisciplinary treatment team (probation officer, education provider, behavioral health, and other service providers identified by the Probation Department) to discuss treatment goals and potential barriers to the reintegration process.
- Finally, as previously mentioned, the Child and Family Team will develop a transitional plan for re-integration into the community.

Phase IV: Aftercare planning

A Deputy Probation Officer monitors youths who are transitioning back into the community. The Deputy Probation Officer will have attended the multi-disciplinary treatment team meetings and will be aware of goals and objectives set for re-integration. In addition, the Deputy Probation Officer also ensures the youth is abiding by the terms and conditions of community supervision.

Prevention and Intervention Services:

The Community Based Deputy Probation Officer (CBDPO) will work with at-risk and probation involved youth and their families. Research consistently shows that individuals and families gain what they need to be successful when key protective factors are robust in their lives and communities. Unfortunately, due to the economic conditions impacting Merced County, many residents struggle to meet basic needs such as food, shelter, clothing, and transportation. Examples of these needs can prevent individuals from progressing to self-sufficiency and thriving in communities. These findings indicate that family strengthening is needed to improve the odds of success for youth and their families.

The CBDPOs, will be located in the Stephen Leonard Community Center, where they will promote protective factors by co-locating needed services, supports and opportunities in an underserved and high-risk neighborhood. According to Center for the Study of Social Policy, "Protective factors are characteristics or strengths of individuals, families, communities or societies that act to mitigate risks and promote positive well-being and healthy development. Most often, we see them as attributes that help families to successfully navigate difficult situations." As such, the CBDPOs will build protective factors by facilitating Parent Cafés and evidence-based programming to youth and families exhibiting risk factors in the Stephen Leonard Community Center.

Community and/or Family Resource Centers (Neighborhood Centers) offer an integrated system of community-based services and resources that respond to the needs of vulnerable families in Merced County. These centers provide different prevention and intervention

Consolidated Annual Plan 43 |

programs, including advocacy, psychological and physical safety, parent education, and connecting families to additional resources and support. These centers act as one-stop hubs where people can access needed services, and protective factors can be built to help strengthen families and communities.

Parent Cafés are physical and emotional safe spaces where parents and caregivers talk about the challenges and victories of raising a family. Through individual deep self-reflection and peer-to-peer learning, participants explore their strengths, learn about their Protective Factors, and create strategies from their own wisdom and experiences to help strengthen their families (Be Strong Families, 2022).

Strengthening families will be essential when mobilizing youth into action and change. Research consistently shows that family involvement is vital in successfully rehabilitating at-risk and highrisk offending youth since families influence and inspire their child's behavior. When individuals and families address their unique needs, this positively impacts individual and family outcomes since protective factors are being built and risk factors are being reduced.

Description:

Aftercare Planning (Reentry Activities):

Pathways to Success Reentry Program will be a collaborative effort between Merced County Probation Department, City of Merced, Merced Union High School District, Worknet, Wellpath, and local community-based organizations, which will focus on serving youth and their families needing supportive and rehabilitative services. Some program goals will include: assist probation youth in reentering and remaining in the community (help youth access and stay in their programs), and help strengthen youth and their families. The Continuity of Care, as well as other intervention services, will be coordinated by the Probation Program Specialist, who will ensure that smooth continuity of services are not interrupted. The Merced County Probation Department staff will ensure that warm handoffs and transportation occur—not just passive referrals to services. The following aftercare components will necessitate improved outcomes for youthful offenders as they reintegrate:

- Continuity of services and programs such as mentoring, cognitive behavioral treatment (designed to address delinquent conduct), case management (linkages to support employment, housing and continuing education), strengthening families, trauma and culturally responsive services, system navigation, as necessary.
- Continuity of social connections and community engagement will be encouraged to develop positive relationships and create a sense of community. This component will be fulfilled with mentorship programs, community events, and family involvement and education through Parent Cafés.

Consolidated Annual Plan 44

- Monitoring the youth's progress toward individual rehabilitation plan goals, while updating criminogenic risk/needs assessments (PACT) at least every six months (or when there is a life changing event) to identify risk factors related to re-offending as well as identifying strengths and/or protective factors that might mitigate those risk factors.
- Hold Multidisciplinary Team (MDT) Meetings to discuss the youth's progress toward their rehabilitation plan to mitigate potential barriers in completing the plan.

Participants will need to participate in graduated phases of the program, which will consist of evidence-based programs as well as other supportive services that are going to be offered in the center. Through a partnership with Merced Union High School District, youth will be required to participate in school (independent studies and/or virtual school until the youth is able to transition back into mainstream education and/or their designated school), and other programs such as soft skills training, cognitive-based interventions, and behavioral health services during this phase.

Deputy Probation Officers, Peer Support Specialists and community partners will teach evidence-based programming. Youths' terms of probation may be terminated once they have successfully completed the Aftercare Planning portion of the programming.

Prevention and Intervention Services:

The CBDPO will engage youth and their families before and after they interact with law enforcement. Some at-risk behaviors the CBDPO will continue to target, but are not limited to, school and home issues, chronic truancy and absenteeism, school violence (expulsions or suspensions), gang involvement and/or at risk of becoming involved in juvenile delinquency.

The CBDPO will target the following underserved and high-risk neighborhoods:

- Stephen Leonard Community Center
- Meadows Community Center
- At-risk schools: schools experiencing the following:
 - Habitual truancy;
 - familial incarceration history;
 - o reported instances of gang involvement and/or delinquency.

The CBDPO will offer the following prevention and intervention services in underserved and high-risk neighborhoods:

- Parent Cafés at Stephen Leonard Community Center
- Community Outreaching through community events and activities

Consolidated Annual Plan 45 |

- Positive Youth Development Activities (Recreational activities/sports) at the Meadows Community Center and Stephen Leonard Community Center
- Facilitate the following evidence-based programming:
 - Risks & Decisions Gang Program
 - Delinquent Behavior
 - Drug and Alcohol Education
 - Let's Talk: Runaway Prevention Curriculum

Some program objectives of the CBDPO include:

- Build protective factors by providing targeted evidence-based programming in underserved and high-risk neighborhoods.
- Provide Positive Youth Development activities to divert youth from law enforcement contact and/or delinquent type behavior.

A Probation Program Specialist will coordinate services and programs at the Stephen Leonard Community Center. Since this center is going to have many community partners under one roof, the Probation Program Specialist will ensure that services are being coordinated effectively; this person will be tasked to create monthly calendars to inform and reach our community members. This person will also be responsible for planning and executing activities and events with our community partners.

JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

RISE Program

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

Years of research have revealed the key barriers that inhibit someone's ability to succeed upon reentry, and that the reentry process should begin at day one of incarceration. While incarcerated, correctional staff and facility programs should strive to help youth acquire a prosocial and positive community relationships/connections, and overcome any existing substance abuse or mental health concerns. Once the client reenters society, their likelihood of becoming a contributing member of their community is dependent on whether they can secure meaningful employment, find a place to live and have the education and skills necessary to advance in life. A successful reentry program helps youth overcome one or more of these barriers and collaborates with other community resources to complement its program with other services.

Consolidated Annual Plan 46 |

Description:

The purpose of the Rise Program is to assist youth who suffer from stigma and barriers that exist from being system impacted. The RISE Program provides participants with employability skills training followed by paid work experience or additional occupational training.

Program Sequence:

- Participants attend several weeks of Employability Skills Training facilitated by a credentialed Career Technical Education teacher and/or a Job Development Training Technician.
- The training is held off-campus at the Merced County Office of Education administration complex and/or Merced County Probation Department's Administrative Office to assist students with the transition from school to a sheltered work environment before placing them at local businesses for paid work experience.
- Upon completion of the of Employability Skills Training, students can be placed in the coffee mobile trailer, paid work experience program or additional occupational training.

The following criteria were established for students to get into the RISE program:

- GPA 2.0 or better (required for a work permit)
- Right to work documents (original SS card; school ID)
- Age 16 or older
- Progress with Probation requirements
- Has demonstrated a willingness to learn/improve
- Attendance (to be determined by school administration)

The following criteria were established for students to stay in the program:

- Successful completion of workshops
- 100% school attendance unless the absence is excused by the school administration
- Continue to progress with Probation requirements
- Appropriate behavior at school and on the job

The following measures were agreed upon to measure program effectiveness:

- Completion of the program
- GPA
- Behavior
- Attendance
- Recidivism

- Employment and job retention after the program
- Exit survey for employers

Employability Skills Training

During the period between July 2022 and March 2023, a total of forty-five (45) Culinary Essentials sessions were conducted and a total of twenty (20) youth participated in the program.

Paid Work Experience/Occupational Training

The Probation Department has referred a total of thirty-seven (37) youth to the program between July 2022 and March 2023. Of those referrals, twenty-nine (29) youth actively participated in the program.





JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

RISE to Higher Grounds Café mobile trailer program

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

The RISE to Higher Grounds Café mobile trailer program provides an opportunity for youth, currently detained and completing an in-custody program, to learn skills related to customer service, handling cash, barista, merchandising, stocking and various other tasks oriented towards daily operational duties. The ultimate goal is to give youth practical work skills they can use once they leave and assist them with a smoother transition to the community.

Description:

Youth participating in the Bear Creek Academy (BCA) Long Term Program (LT) or Youth Treatment Program (YTP) will be enrolled in the Merced County Regional Occupational Program (ROP) Culinary Essentials program. Participation in the program is based on behavior, current status within the BCA LT/YT program, and overall drive to partake in and contribute to the program's success.

The program's instructor is a credentialed teacher who is a former restaurant owner/manager. The program is also supported by an Instructional Aide with food service experience. The youth are transported and supervised by the officer assigned to the in-custody portion of the BCA

Consolidated Annual Plan 49 |

program. Once youth have learned the necessary culinary skills in the classroom/kitchen lab and have obtained their Food Handlers certification card, they can then utilize their skills in the mobile coffee trailer to gain hands-on culinary experience and customer service training through interaction with customers from the general public.

The trailer will first be operated at the classroom/kitchen site. After that, a route will be established to serve county agencies as well as other sites to increase youths' public interactions and sense of self-efficacy with culinary skills and customer service. Income from sales would be used to replenish the coffee supplies. Thus, the supply expense budget should decrease over time as the trailer becomes self-sustaining. Youth participating in the program will be under the direct supervision of the BCA Officer at all times. Once students complete the culinary program and transition out of Juvenile Facility, they will continue to receive employment support and be able to participate in paid work experience under the Rise Program at our local reentry center.







JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

Moral Reconation Therapy (MRT)/Cognitive-Based Therapy/Evidence-Based Programs

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

Moral reasoning is how people make decisions about what they should or should not do in a given situation. Cognitive-behavioral Therapy (CBT) fosters moral development in treatment-resistant individuals. MRT® and Phoenix/New Freedom Programs are an effective systematic, cognitive-behavioral approach that treats a wide range of issues, including substance abuse, domestic violence, trauma, parenting, job skills, and other issues. These programs are implemented in groups utilizing workbooks directly targeting specific issues. MRT® and Phoenix/NewFreedom Programs have been shown to reduce recidivism, reduce criminal justice involvement, reduce substance abuse, increase housing stability and job retention, increase medication acceptance, increase treatment adherence, decrease hospitalization, enhance life purpose, and raise motivation. The Criminogenic Needs Report below demonstrates that Criminal Associates and Antisocial Personalities are the top reasons youth engage in risky behaviors. As such, the Merced County Probation Department utilizes evidence-based

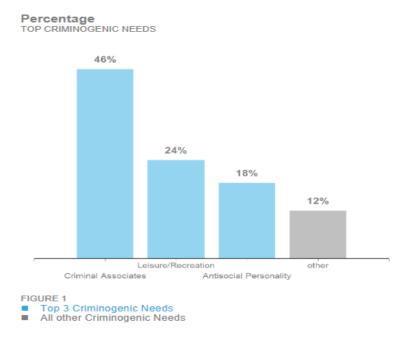
Consolidated Annual Plan 51 |

programs, such as MRT and Phoenix/New Freedom Programs to challenge youth's behaviors, attitudes, and beliefs.

Criminogenic Needs Report

Evaluate your agency's top need areas for assessments completed between 7/1/2022 and 3/1/2023

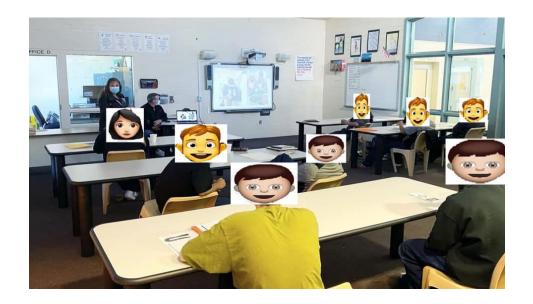




Description:

High and Moderate Risk Officers have received training in Moral Roconation Therapy - MRT® and Phoenix/New Freedom Programs. Officers facilitate MRT® groups both at the L.I.N.K. program, which will be replaced by the Pathways to Success Reentry Center, and at the Juvenile Facility. While at the Juvenile Facility, officers will be under the direction of the Probation Program Specialist (PPS). As previously mentioned, the PPS oversees facilitators and performs quality inspections to ensure youth are learning new skills and ensure fidelity to the program model.

Officers currently facilitate two (2) sessions a week on a scheduled rotation. To date, officers have facilitated over fifty-seven (57) MRT/Phoenix-New Freedoms sessions.



JJCC Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

Graffiti Abatement Program

Evident Upon Which It Is Based:

Per California Penal Code, graffiti is an act of vandalism. Our local government as most, see graffiti as a negative because it inhibits or detracts from the beautification of a local community. Graffiti often stigmatize a neighborhood or community through being labeled as a low socio-economic area. Indeed, this converts to suppressed housing prices and has strong correlations with local crime and gang activities. Considering the cost graffiti incurs on local communities, governments take the burden through removal. Graffiti is near impossible to eliminate, despite changes in legislation to increase the fine for committing such offenses. Graffiti abatement is a joint effort between the community, its public works division, the police department, community development, parks, recreation, and community services to eliminate graffiti vandalism.

Description:

The Graffiti Abatement Program focuses on hot spot areas frequently targeted by graffiti vandals. These hot spots are checked regularly, with the overall goal of removing graffiti as soon as possible. The Graffiti Abatement Program has a long history in the County of Merced. Youth adjudicated for vandalism (graffiti) or those that need to learn the importance of not damaging personal or government property will have the opportunity to participate in the

Consolidated Annual Plan 53 |

graffiti abatement program. Their participation will reduce local government costs while allowing youth to perform community service under the supervision of a Deputy Probation Officer.

During July 2022 and March 2023, the program has run a total of thirty-one (31) times and has serviced a majority of the unincorporated communities within the County. The program has provided participating youth an opportunity to complete community service hours. Both in custody and out-of-custody youth have been referred to and completed community service hours. In total, seven (7) youth participated in the program during this period.



Part III. Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG) – (Welfare & Institutions Code Section 1961(a))

A. Strategy for Non-707(b) Offenders

Describe your county's overall strategy for dealing with non-707(b) youthful offenders who are not eligible for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Justice. Explain how this plan relates to or supports that strategy.

Consolidated Annual Plan 54 |

The Merced County Probation Department operates the Bear Creek Academy (BCA) Camp Program. The BCA program consists of 30 beds dedicated to the Long Term and Youth Treatment Programs. The BCA programs are point-based with up to five phases, and depending on which program ordered, one to two years in length. Program elements include vocational education, alcohol and drug education, mental health counseling, cognitive and life skills development. The program's final phase includes aftercare and re-entry services to transition youth into the community effectively. A re-entry plan is developed for each participant. An assigned probation officer will provide case management to ensure adherence to the re-entry plan.

The BCA Camp Program has dedicated Peer Support Specialists (PSS) that promote change and deliver evidence-based services and interventions. Peer support specialists bring hope by sharing their experiences and promoting a sense of belonging. They provide supportive services such as education, advocacy, coaching, and mentoring. The PSS also works closely with the youth and other multi-disciplinary treatment team members to develop treatment goals, case plans, and transition plans. Both the Officers assigned to the BCA Camp Program and PSS participate in Child and Family Team Meetings (CFT-M). A CFT-M is defined as "A group of individuals who are convened by the placing agency and who are engaged through a variety of team-based processes to identify the strengths and needs of the child or youth and his or her family and to help achieve positive outcomes for safety, permanency, and well-being" (Public Child Welfare Training Academy, 2014). The CFT-M comprises a care network that shares the responsibility to assess, plan, intervene, monitor, and refine service delivery over time. During the CFT-M process, staff create an action plan and gather information needed to develop realistic goals for the institutional case plan.

B. Regional Agreements

Describe any regional agreements or arrangements to be supported with YOBG funds.

N/A

C. Funded Programs, Placements, Services, Strategies and/or System Enhancements

Describe the programs, placements, services, strategies, and system enhancements to be funded through the YOBG program. Explain how they complement or coordinate with the programs, strategies, and system enhancements to be funded through the JJCPA program. For additional template pages, simply click the "copy template" box below.

Consolidated Annual Plan 55 |

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy, and/or System Enhancement

Program Name:

Bear Creek Academy (BCA) Long Term and Youth Treatment Programs

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

Youth participating in our commitment programs have access to a diversified team that uniquely provides the services and programs they need before and after their release. Youth have access to highly-trained staff that delivers individualized and compassionate care. Our Community Integration Model or "Bridge to Success" approach ensures staff work collaboratively with the youth and their families and other significant supports to develop individualized rehabilitation plans that consider all their needs and is designed to assist with community re-integration.

Description:

The Bear Creek Academy works with at-risk youth who have great potential to be productive citizens of the community. The academy is structured into five phases with an estimated length of one year (Long Term) to two years (Youth Treatment Program). For youth to complete the program, they have to complete a required amount of points (in custody portion) or time (aftercare portion) to pass each phase. Points received are based on an evaluation system, rating the youth's participation in the academy elements with an opportunity to earn up to 50 points a day. The mission of the Bear Creek Academy is to strive to make positive changes in how youth committed to the academy think and behave to prepare them to return to their families, their community, and live a delinquent-free life.

The Bear Creek Academy consists of two Deputy Probation Officers funded by YOBG. Both Deputy Probation Officers are housed in the Juvenile Justice Correctional Complex. Their primary responsibility is to interface with youth participating in the in-custody portion of BCA. The BCA Officer's roles and responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- Routinely assists in conducting criminogenic risk/needs assessments of each youth to identify
 risk factors related to reoffending as well as strengths and protective factors that might mitigate
 those risk factors
- Works closely with the youth and other multi-disciplinary treatment team members to develop treatment goals, case plans, and transition plans
- Transport youth to appointments and community-based vocational/educational programs and services

Consolidated Annual Plan 56 |

- Monitors and documents the youth's progress toward their rehabilitation goals, and communicates with the multi-disciplinary team members regarding the youth's progress in meeting their treatment goals and potential barriers to the reintegration process
- Prepare case reports for court
- Facilitates/co-facilitates weekly intervention groups
- Participates in the Review Board for youth assigned to the BCA Program. The Review Board
 consists of a Deputy Probation Officer, a Supervising Juvenile Institutions Officer, and a Program
 Manager. The group meets weekly to discuss and review all academy movements and
 disciplinary actions that resulted in a loss of points in the academy. The Review Board will
 convene a special hearing if the regular board meeting is not within 48 hours, excluding
 weekends and holidays.

Officers assigned to the Juvenile Field Services Unit are responsible for conducting aftercare support, and delivering evidence-based programming. The officers work with the Probation Program Specialist and Supervising Probation Officer in seeking out and coordinating local community-based organizations that can provide informative discussions and training. As mentioned earlier, the L.I.N.K. program will be replaced by the Pathways to Success Reentry Program, which will be a collaborative effort between Merced County Probation Department, Merced Union High School District, Behavioral Health and Recovery Services (BHRS), and local community-based organizations to support youth transitioning from our commitment programs. This center will offer wrap around reentry support and services to youth and their families.

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