County of Kings Public Safety Realignment & Post Release Community Supervision 2023 Plan



Executive Committee of the Community Corrections Partnership

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OVERVIEW OF 2011 PUBLIC SAFETY REALIGNMENT ACT (AB 109)

In 2011, the California Legislature passed Assembly Bill (AB) 109 known as the Public Safety Realignment Act. This legislation transfers responsibility for supervising specific low-level inmates and parolees from the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) to counties. AB 109 took effect October 1, 2011, and realigned three major areas of the criminal justice system. On a prospective basis, the legislation:

- Transferred the location of incarceration for lower-level offenders (specified non-violent, non-serious, non-sex offenders) from state prison to local county jail, and provides for an expanded role for post-release supervision for these offenders; and
- Transferred responsibility for post-release supervision of lower-level offenders (those
 released from prison after having served a sentence for a non-violent, non-serious, and
 non-sex offense) from the state to the county level by creating a new category of
 supervision called Post-Release Community Supervision (PRCS); and
- Transferred the housing responsibility for parole and PRCS revocations to local jail custody. AB 109 also tasked the local Community Corrections Partnership (CCP), who acts as the governing body responsible for developing and submitting public safety realignment implementation recommendations to the Board of Supervisors. The CCP recommends a plan for implementation, which shall be deemed, accepted by the Board of Supervisors unless rejected by a 4/5th vote. The Executive Committee of the CCP for Kings County is composed of the Chief Probation Officer (Chair), Sheriff-Coroner, a Chief of Police (represented by the Lemoore Police Chief), District Attorney, Public Defender, Presiding Judge of the Superior Court or designee, and Behavioral Health Director.

BUDGET

The costs associated with the efforts required under AB 109 are funded with a dedicated portion of state sales tax revenue and Vehicle License Fees (VLF). These funding sources are outlined in trailer bills AB 118 and Senate Bill (SB) 89 of 2011. The latter provided revenue to counties for local public safety programs, and the former established the Local Revenue Fund for counties to receive the revenues and appropriate funding for efforts required under 2011 Public Safety Realignment.

In November 2012, California voters approved Governor Brown's Proposition 30, which created a constitutional amendment that protected ongoing funding to the counties for Realignment. The amendment prohibits the Legislature from reducing or removing funding to counties for compliance with AB 109.

The table below outlines the distribution of Public Safety Realignment funds.

[1] 2022-23 AB 109 PROGRAM FUND BALANCE	[2] 2023-24 Allocation for AB 109 PROGRAMS	[3] 2023-24 Allocation for AB 109 DA/PD Activities (revocation)	[4] 2023-24 Allocation for CCP Planning	[5] Allocation for PRCS	[6] Anticipated One-Time State Mandated Reimbursement Funding	[7] 2022-23 One- Time Growth Funding	[8] 2023-24 10% Transfer Out to Innovation Sub- Account	[9] One-Time Realignment Backfill	Total 2023-24 Allocation
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KINGS	\$7,926,369	\$10,653,152	\$300,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$0	\$508,514	(\$50,851)	\$0 \$19,437,18

FΥ	2023-24	Adonted	Distribution	of AR	109 F	und

	FY 1	.2/13 tual	FY 13/14 Actual	FY 14/15 Actual	FY 15/16 Actual	FY 16/17 Actual	FY 17/18 Actual	FY 18/19 Actual	FY 19/20 Actual	FY 20/21 Actual	FY 21/22 Actual	FY 22/23 Actual	Total FY 22/23 Adopted	Total FY 23/24 Adopted	% of Total Allocated
Administration (111000)	\$	28,979	\$ 97,547	\$ 94,981	\$ 94,981	\$ 94,981	\$ 47,491	\$ 47,491	\$ 47,491	\$ 47,491	\$ 7,135	\$ 47,491	\$ 47,491	\$ 47,491	0.33%
County Counsel (130000)		18,230	89,676	88,164	88,164	88,164	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	44,000	0.30%
Human Resources (140000)		28,143	128,201	131,799	131,799	131,799	65,900	65,900	65,900	65,900	65,900	65,900	65,900	65,900	0.45%
District Attorney (216400)			68,088	114,027	263,822	237,408	95,515	186,639	330,298	346,981	416,447	317,522	414,833	467,065	3.21%
Sheriff - AB 109 (221500)	2,0	55,944	4,583,208	5,858,185	6,166,102	6,444,737	6,651,128	7,273,946	7,709,360	8,129,735	8,647,268	9,558,599	9,781,954	10,975,568	75.38%
Probation (233100)	1,2	37,666	1,991,655	1,783,259	1,770,495	1,791,889	1,595,922	1,685,716	1,916,437	1,988,747	1,839,174	2,190,980	2,636,149	2,909,363	19.98%
Defense of the Accused (302500)		37,750	30,750	27,500	32,500	53,250	53,250	80,875	104,517	35,905	42,013	26,244	85,000	50,000	0.34%
	\$ 3,4	57,456	\$ 7,031,984	\$ 8,148,579	\$ 8,604,500	\$ 8,918,008	\$ 8,600,242	\$ 9,384,566	\$ 10,218,003	\$ 10,658,759	\$ 11,061,936	\$ 12,250,735	\$ 13,075,327	\$ 14,559,387	100.00%

Fund Balance Reserved for Ongoing AB 109 Requirements:

\$ 4,877,796

PUBLIC SAFETY PARTNERS

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Prison realignment has increased the number of persons placed on probation and post-release community supervision (PRCS) because of insufficient resources available to support traditional incarceration. An increase in probationers and PRCS participants have resulted in an increased workload and more violations of probation and PRCS, additional crimes committed by probationers and PRCS participants while on supervision, resulting in, increased court hearings. These new violations and new offenses require additional services from District Attorney Staff.

The District Attorney will dedicate prosecution resources, and investigation resources, when appropriate, toward review of probation and PRCS violations, case preparation, court appearances, and proactive follow-up with PRCS participants. In addition, the District Attorney will continue to work towards the goal of reintegrating at-large PRCS offenders with the justice system in an effort to increase engagement and participation with the courts and justice partners. Where probation violations and PRCS cases involve victims, the Victim Witness Assistance Program advocates will provide support and services to victims, including court support should a case proceed to hearing.

DEFENSE OF THE ACCUSED

Kings County's contracted public defense attorneys may work with the realigned offender population, and provide services to those individuals who qualify for county jail and alternative program placement sentences under AB 109. Under AB 118, the Legislature provided funding for the Public Defender to handle the additional workload.

PROBATION DEPARTMENT

The Probation Department supervises offenders released from the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation under Post Release Community Supervision (PRCS). These offenders are comprised of those offenders whose most recent crime is non-serious pursuant to Penal Code (PC) 1192.7(c) and non-violent pursuant to 667.5(c) PC.

As of September 5, 2023, the department supervises **approximately** 308 PRCS Offenders with six (6.0) full time equivalent (FTE) Deputy Probation Officer I/II's. The PRCS Officers are assigned to Hanford, Lemoore, Corcoran, Avenal, and the unincorporated areas of Kings

County, these officers work closely with the respective police agency in their jurisdiction. Additionally, these officers work frequent night and weekend shifts to maximize supervision efforts

GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (GPS) MONITORING PROGRAM

To help offset the increasing number of offenders in the Kings County Jail following criminal justice realignment, the Probation Department's Electronic Monitoring Unit implemented a GPS Monitoring Program in November of 2011; this unit operates within the authority granted by Penal Code sections 1203.016 - 1203.018. GPS Monitoring allows the Department to closely monitor the whereabouts and movement of its participants 24 hours a day, 7 days a week with one (1.0) FTE Deputy Probation Officer III, one (1.0) FTE Deputy Probation Officer I/II and two (2.0) FTE Probation Technicians. As of September 5, 2023, the program **supervises** approximately **46** offenders who would otherwise be detained or sentenced to time in the Kings County Jail. In addition to being subject to 24/7 monitoring, these offenders are afforded the opportunity to maintain employment and attend treatment or other educational programs.

In addition to detained and sentenced inmates, the Probation Department utilizes GPS monitoring only pursuant to 1210.7 PC to maintain a higher level of supervision of high-risk offenders who are under supervision of the Department on PRCS, mandatory supervision, or probation. Further, the Probation Department operates a juvenile GPS house arrest program in collaboration with the Kings Juvenile Center and the Kings County Superior Court's Court Juvenile Division.

The Probation Department signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the County's Job Training Office (JTO) as recommended and approved by the CCP Executive Board. The goal of the collaborative effort is to assist in improving the quality of life in the communities by reducing crimes committed by individuals subject to PRCS, by providing valuable resources such as resume building and employment opportunities. The Department saw positive impacts, including increased numbers of clients securing jobs and remaining crime free. Based on the positive effects of the services provided by JTO, the CCP increased funding to include a second FTE, Employment and Training Technician I/II.

Job Training Office \$211,149

Total: \$211,149

The Probation Department's struggle continues with recruiting Juvenile Correction Officers, as well as, retaining those positions. Currently, there are twenty-five (25) vacancies for the position of Juvenile Correction Officer. In calendar year 2021, there have been nineteen (19) Juvenile Correction Officer's who have resigned (some resigning by email and phone without two-week notice), six (6) Deputy Probation Officer resignations and five (5) Probation Technician resignations. In calendar year 2022, there have been nine (9) Juvenile Correction Officer's who have resigned. As a result of the dramatic understaffing, the Department has began requesting volunteers or mandating Deputy Probation Officers to work in the Juvenile Center on average of six to ten shifts per week. This results in the Deputy Probation Officer's

duties, responsibilities not being met, and the workload/caseloads being unsupervised. The Department has struggled with this issue year-after-year, and it does not appear there will be any relief anytime soon.

The Probation Department, in collaboration with the Kings County Superior Court received grant funding for a Pretrial Pilot Program in 2019 to implement a non-monetary, risk-based alternative to incarceration for pre-trial offenders to alleviate jail overcrowding. The program began operating in March of 2020 with one (1.0) FTE Deputy Probation Officer III and four (4.0) FTE Probation Technicians with oversight by a Deputy Chief Probation Officer in cooperation with the Kings County Superior Court Executive Officer. The Pretrial Pilot Program safely reduces the number of low to medium risk incarcerated offenders pending Court, where bail is the only obstacle to pretrial release. The Pretrial Pilot Program officially ended in June 2022.

On July 12, 2021, the Governor of the State of California approved Senate Bill 129, Budget Act of 2021 which allocated funding to the Judicial Council for the implementation and operation of ongoing Court programs and practices that promote safe, efficient, fair, and timely pretrial release of individuals booked into jail. Therefore, the Probation Department, in collaboration with the Kings County Superior Court will continue to operate the Pretrial Release Program with funding provided by SB 129 and additional funding of \$350,000 provided by the CCP.

As of September 5, 2023, there are a total of 198 inmates who have been released from the Kings County Jail and are actively on the Pretrial Release program. Of the 198 clients on the program, 98 are being supervised on Pretrial Release and 100 are being supervised on Pretrial Release while on global positioning tracking (GPS).

Overall, between the operation of the Pretrial Release Program and the Probation Department's Electronic Monitoring Program, as of September 5, 2023, we have been able to remove 244 inmates from the Kings County Jail and safely supervise and monitor them in the community.

SHERIFF

The Kings County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) saw an increase in the number of inmates beginning early in 2020, however, population numbers leveled off in 2021, and remain consistent into 2022, as we continue to see relief from the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) virus, and the fact that state prisons have re-opened inmate reception centers. The jail population hovered at approximately 450 inmates and above all year. The Sheriff's Office is currently citing the majority of bookings with bail amounts up to \$25,000 and authorizing supervisory staff to use a great deal of discretion to issue citations to appear on low-level offenses and warrant arrests.

COVID-19 protocols have been implemented consistent with California Department of Public Health (CDPH) guidelines to comply with vaccine and testing mandates. This process is ever changing to comply with repeated changes implemented by CDPH. KCSO continues to isolate all new housing intakes to prevent the spread of COVID-19 within the Kings County Jail.

Inmates are frequently tested, and have been offered approved COVID-19 vaccinations as additional measures to combat the virus and its spread within the facility.

A Detentions Lieutenant has been assigned to constantly monitor the protocols established by local, state, and federal entities to comply with employee testing and vaccine mandates.

Funding through AB 109 dollars does not cover all costs such as medical costs for inpatient and outpatient medical needs. The original CCP Board gave the majority of the funding to the Sheriff's Office to stop the early release of inmates that had been occurring for many years. Any further reductions in future funding will likely result in the early release of inmates back into the community.

In previous years and continuing into 2022-2023, the Sheriff's Office has increased its Programs Division staffing from one allocated position to three. These additions have allowed the Sheriff to expand the inmate programs to include:

The jail programs currently supported in whole or in part from AB 109 funds include:

- A chaplain is teaching a variety of Bible classes and helps organize other inmate religions needs.
- GED services, as well as computer skills, life skills and/or Narcotics and Alcoholics Anonymous (NA and AA) meetings. NA and AA programs have been reinstated now that COVID-19 restrictions were alleviated.
- In conjunction with the Job Training Office, the Programs Division of the Kings County Sheriff's Office has implemented resume building classes along with additional job preparation programs, held in the computer-equipped classroom. Hanford Adult School has also resumed their GED preparedness program, and are back in the facility on a regular basis.
- The Programs Division has implemented an animal husbandry class where inmates can assist in the care and nurture of pheasant chicklings to develop agricultural skills. The pheasant enclosure is in its second year of operation. The first series of hatchlings have been raised by inmate workers where they strategically released the birds into the wild to help with repopulation.
- All inmates are eligible to assist in a variety of career related areas including the vehicle maintenance shop, Kings County Animal Services, the jail kitchen, and county motor pool. Through these programs, inmates clean parks and community substations utilized by Sheriff's Office personnel.
- Sheriff's Office auto detailing program, which teaches trade skills that can successfully lead to job security upon release.

 The Sheriff's Office has also expanded its inmate calling service contract to include tablets, which can be issued to inmates. These tablets will be loaded with a variety of programs that will be helpful to them. Many of the programs are trade or educational related, but they will also have access to movies, be able to listen to music, communicate with family, etc.

Possibly, because of the pandemic and economic downturn, The Sheriff's Office has once again found itself struggling to recruit and retain detentions staff. Entering the 2022-2023 fiscal year, KCSO has over 10 vacancies in both the "Detentions Deputy" classification as well as the "Detentions Technician" classification. Various recruiting efforts have been utilized to include social media campaigns, etc. Additional "extra-help" background investigators have been hired (mostly CDCR retired annuitants) to process the influx of new applicants.

SUPPORT SERVICES

VICTIM WITNESS

The unit provides services to all victims of violent crime, as well as those offenders sentenced under AB 109. These services include orientation to the criminal justice system, court escort/support, victim of crime application assistance, crisis intervention, and referrals to other agencies. This unit has handled the influx of crime well. In April of 2015, this unit moved from under the management of the Probation Department to the District Attorney's Office.

COUNTY COUNSEL

The County houses a great number of inmates who, because of past prison sentences, may be more contentious and file a significantly higher number of writs. One Attorney handles the defense of the Sheriff in these cases. This attorney handles all matters associated with AB 109.

HUMAN RESOURCES

Human Resources manages recruitments to attract qualified candidates, facilitates the hiring process, and performs other related personnel tasks to maintain and support staffing of the additional funded positions in County Departments related to Realignment. Human Resources continues to work with the overall AB 109 increases in staffing and related turnover across the County on several personnel related issues.

ADMINISTRATION

Administration performs data related analysis, and assists the departments with administrative, financial, and operational tracking functions, as well as construction activities. Administration completes annual realignment questionnaires for the State. Its efforts also include the preparation of this report.

Administration has also managed the financials for the SB 1022 jail expansion project. The project has been completed, administration completed the audit phase, and in the process of closing it out in the upcoming year.

IN SUMMARY

The table below provides a summary of Realignment Components:

Population Affected	Component of Public Safety Realignment	Local Plan
Release from State Prison	State prisoners serving sentences for non-	The Probation Department is designated as the administrator
	violent, non-serious and non-sex offenses with	of county post-release community supervision.
	one of these offenses in their criminal history	
	will be placed on county post-release	
	community supervision instead of state parole.	
	The Court will adjudicate violations of county	
	post-release community supervision.	
On State Parole	Violations of State Parole will be adjudicated by	The Parole Board hearings occur at the courts.
	Board of Parole hearings.	
Currently Held Pretrial in County Jail	Certain inmates may be released pre-trial on	The Probation Department and the Sheriff are designated as
	electronic monitoring.	administrators of electronic monitoring for pre-trial inmates.
Currently Sentenced in County Jail	Certain sentenced inmates may be placed on	The Sheriff and Probation designated as administrators of
	home detention.	electronic monitoring for sentenced inmates.
Measures and Outcomes	Establish outcome measures related to local	The Probation Department, in coordination with
	incarceration inmates and post-release	Administration, is designated to develop research design,
	community supervision populations (per	collect data, and report on outcomes associated with AB109.
	AB109).	
Evidence Based Practices and Treatment	Each of the involved agencies, including those	- Flash Incarceration
	participating in the Community Corrections	- Alternative Sanctions
	Partnership, will support and/or assist in the	- Vocational Training
	implementation of the following activities,	- Educational Training
	practices, and efforts.	- Specialized Courts
		- MH & AOD Services

OUTCOMES

Every year, the State allocates future Public Safety Realignment growth revenue to counties across the State from a dedicated portion of state sales tax and VLF. Starting in FY 2015/16, these allocations were based on performance measures that included three areas of incentives. Those performance measures and incentive areas included improvements in probation practices (80%), reductions in 2nd Strikers (\$36,575 per reduction), and improvements in State Prison incarceration measures (20%). Due to COVID-19, there was no growth allocation for Kings County for 2019-2020.

2nd Striker Reduction

The first step in calculating growth allocations is to determine which counties sent fewer felons to prison with second-strike designations than in the previous year. Counties get a direct allocation of \$36,575 for each one fewer second striker than the previous year. This allocation is taken off the top, so it is not part of the portions allocated based on incarceration or probation. There is a cap of 10% of the overall growth funding for 2nd striker reduction allocations.

Probation – 80%

<u>Felony Probation Success – 60%</u>: Sixty percent of growth funds are allocated by taking a county's annual felony probation population and subtracting the number of those revoked to

prison or jail. The number of each county's non-revoked probationers is then calculated as a share of the number statewide, and the county receives that share of these funds.

Felony Probation Improvement – 20%: Twenty percent of growth funds are allocated to counties that improve their felony probation failure rate from one year to the next. A county's failure rate is determined by dividing its annual felony probation population by the number of probationers revoked to prison or jail. If that rate decreases from one year to the next, then the difference is multiplied by the county's total felony probation population. This gives the number that would have been revoked under the previous year's higher revocation rate. That number is then calculated as a share of the total number among all counties that qualify, and the county receives that share of these funds.

Incarceration – 20%

<u>Incarceration Reduction – 10%</u>: Ten percent of the growth funds are allocated to counties that send fewer felons to prison on new convictions from one year to the next. The difference is then calculated as a share of the total difference among all counties that qualify, and the county receives that share of these funds.

Low Incarceration Rate – 10%: Ten percent of the growth funds are allocated to counties that have a lower rate of incarceration per capita than the statewide rate. The rate is calculated by taking a county's number of felon admissions for new convictions and dividing it by the county's overall population. That rate is then compared to the statewide rate to determine how many more people would be imprisoned if the county's rate were not lower than the statewide rate. That number is then calculated as a share of the total number for all counties that qualify, and the county receives that share of these funds. See table below.

Kings County's 2022-23 Community Corrections Growth

2nd Striker Reduction (\$36,575 per)									
	2nd Strikers -	2nd Strikers -		2nd striker					
	2020	2019	Reduction	share	2nd	striker\$			
Kings	92	50	E	0.00%	\$	7			
California	7,144	2,972	2	100%	\$	73,150			

Felony Probation Success (60%)									
	2020 Probation Popualtion	Revoked to Jail or Prison	Successes	Statewide Share		\$			
Kings	1,132	48	1,084	0.49%	\$	58,413			
California	231,318	8,394	222,924	100%	\$	12,012,510			

	Felony Probation Improvement (20%)									
	2020 Failure Rate	2019 Failure Rate	Improvement	# of Probationers Improvement Represents	Statewide Share		\$			
Kings	4.24%	7.44%	3.20%	36.22	11.24%	\$	450,101			
California	3.63%	3.08%	0.00%	322	100%	\$	4,004,170			

	Incarceration Reduction (10%)										
	Incarcerated from County - 2020	Incarcerated from County - 2019	Incarcerated from County - Difference	Incarceration Reduction	Statewide Share		\$				
Kings	370	251	47.41%	120	0.00%	\$	2				
California	29,363	11,580	153.57%	4	100%	\$	2,002,085				

	Low Incarceration Rate (10%)									
	County Population	Incarceration Rate - 2020	Rate Below Statewide	Prisoners Fewer Because Lower	Statewide Share		\$			
Kings	151,059	0.24%	0.00%	Lin Lin	0.00%	\$	=			
California	39,303,157	0.07%		6,907	100%	\$	2,002,085			

	Total		
		Statewide Share	Total Growth \$
		2.5307%	\$ 508,514
Feb-23	California	100.00%	\$ 20,094,000

Goals

- Continued collaboration with the Kings County Superior Court to provide a non-monetary, risk-based alternative to incarceration through the Pretrial Release Program to assist in alleviating jail overcrowding.
- Continued collaboration with the Job Training Office to provide empirically based rehabilitative interventions for PRCS offenders, with addition to Mandatory Supervision and Formal Probation clientele.

Collaboration is an ongoing effort between all stakeholders.

Measures

- Continue Probation's efforts in measuring outcomes and recidivism levels for PRCS offenders. Staff is continuing its data tracking efforts. Probation continues exploring an updated and much needed case management system to increase the County's ability to track recidivism rates and outcomes. The Department's current case management system is 14 years old and ineffective.
- 2) Continue Probation's efforts in measuring a myriad of data points in the Pretrial Release Program in an effort to validate the programs assessment tool.
- 3) Number of offenders sentenced to alternative sentencing and probation programs.

In FY **2022-2023**, there were **530** offenders that participated in the GPS Monitoring Program. There were **479** participants that completed the program making the successful completion rate of **90%**. The average daily population for the program was **58**.

4) Number of offenders sent to State Prison and Local Custody.

In FY **2022-2023**, there were a total of **631*** offenders sent to State Prison or Local Custody. The breakdown is as follows:

•	Adult Felony – State Prison	548 Offenders
•	Adult Felony – 1170(h) Straight Sentences	19 Offenders
•	Adult Felony – 1170(h) Split Sentence	63 Offenders
_	Adult Folony 1170/h) Calit Contones Mandaton, Cunomision only	4 Offenders

In FY **2022-2023**, there were a total of **172** new offenders placed on Post Release Community Supervision.

^{*}Does not include offenders who were immediately sentenced in Court without probation intervention or investigation. A large percentage of the offenders sentenced for offenses committed in the three State Prison facilities in the county are immediately sentenced.